

20065 I-15/US-20 Safety and Mobility Study

Level One Alternative Screening Summary April 2019





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Executive Summary

The Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) District 6 is conducting the Interstate 15 (I-15) and United States Highway 20 (US-20) Safety and Mobility Study (Project No. A020(065), Key No. 20065). ITD along with the Bonneville Metropolitan Planning Organization (BMPO) and its member agencies have identified the need to improve the I-15/US-20 connection and the adjacent six interchanges. The Project Team includes ITD and their consultants for technical resources, BMPO, and member agencies.

The project study includes two phases of work.

Phase A collected existing data and studies from previous work and started a public outreach program. Phase A was completed in summer of 2018.

Phase B, the current phase, includes development of a Planning and Environmental Linkages (PEL) study. The PEL represents a collaborative and integrated approach to transportation decision-making that;

- 1. Considers environmental, community, and economic goals early in the transportation planning process, and
- 2. Uses the information, analysis, and products developed during planning to inform the environmental process as the project moves into a NEPA document.

The PEL will include three levels of screening for alternatives to develop a recommended list of three to five alternatives to advance into a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document, once funding allows. A screening level reviews each alternative against the screening criteria questions developed with the purpose and need and project goals considerations.

Utilizing the data collected from Phase A, Phase B began, which includes development of the evaluation criteria matrix, concept level alternatives, alternative analysis and screening, ongoing public outreach and the PEL. This report summarizes the Universe of Alternatives development and Level One alternatives screening process and results.

Level One Summary

Detailed notes of the universe of alternatives brainstorming meeting and the Level One screening meeting are included in Appendices. Below is a summary.

- The universe of alternatives brainstorming exercise developed fourteen alternatives. At this brainstorming exercise, the Project Team included nineteen individuals representing ITD, BMPO, City of Idaho Falls, Bonneville County, BYU-Idaho professor, a Citizen and consultant team members.
- The fourteen concept alternatives were categorized as either "on-alignment" or "offalignment" and each was given a unique name and shown over aerial maps as sketches.



- The purpose and need and project goals, sketch concept alternative maps, alternative descriptions and the evaluation criteria matrix were provided to the Project Team to be used for review prior to for the Level One Screening meeting.
- At the Level One screening meeting, nine of the fourteen alternatives were recommended to advance to Level Two analysis.
- The Level One alternatives and the results from the screening meeting were presented to the public at an open house public meeting.
- Input from Community Working Group Meeting #3 was used in developing a new alternative (US-20 one way couplet) that will be added to the other nine concept alternatives and considered in Level Two, for a total of ten concept alternatives.

Next Steps

For Level Two, the Project Team will:

- Complete a design criteria matrix to aid in the coarse development of geometrical layouts of each alternative.
- Complete the travel demand modeling for the planning year, 2045, for each concept alternative.
- For each alternative, identify bridge locations, major utility conflicts, ped/bike/multi-modal routing/connections, right of way needs, local access roads connections; review of land use planning, freight plans, identify environmental concerns/constraints, future developments/economics.
- Meet to review and screen the alternatives against the Level Two evaluation criteria matrix.
- Present a draft Level Two alternatives and draft screening results to the public in the spring of 2019.



Draft Purpose and Need

DRAFT PURPOSE AND NEED DEVELOPMENT

May 8, 2018

Introduction

This Purpose and Need Statement for potential transportation improvements on I-15 and U.S. 20 in or near Bonneville County and Idaho Falls was developed after analysis of existing conditions and in coordination with stakeholder agencies and the public.

The primary users of these corridors include:

- North-south through traffic (i.e. coming and going from the south toward Yellowstone)
- Traffic destined for central Idaho Falls
- Local crosstown traffic (moving from one side of the city to the other using the interstate)

All three user groups, which include travelers of all types (auto, freight, bus, bicycle, and pedestrian) are increasing in volume, and demand is expected to increase into the near future. The project is being conducted to figure out how to accommodate these now and into the future, with improved capacity, safety, and mobility.

In the following section we will define a Purpose and Need as well as additional project goals.

- The "Purpose" is a concise statement defining the transportation problem to be solved.
- The "Needs" identify the specific deficiencies recognized through analysis of existing and projected conditions and provide data to support the Purpose statement. The needs are summarized here and will be fully documented in the Existing Conditions Report (in development, to be completed summer 2018), prepared as part of this PEL study.
- "Additional Goals" are also included to identify related and important objectives identified by project stakeholders that may be considered during project development, but are not the reason the project is being developed.

Project Purpose (indicates how the project action proposes to address the problem)

The purpose of the PEL study is to identify and analyze improvements to address safety, congestion, mobility and travel time reliability for efficient movement of people, goods and services on I-15 and US-20 in or near Bonneville County and Idaho Falls.

Project Needs (details the problem, today and in the future)

The PEL will study multi-modal connections and capacity improvements to I-15 and US-20 as well as potential new roadway linkages in order to:

- 1. Address unsafe travel conditions on I-15 and US-20
 - a. Traffic backs up at exit ramps

- b. Substandard lane change / merge space between exits
- c. Interchanges are spaced too closely together
- Reduce congestion at the I-15/US-20 interchange, particularly for traffic exiting US-20 towards southbound I-15 at the onramp, and for northbound traffic on I-15 exiting at US-20 eastbound exchange, which both operate at a current LOS D
 - a. High volumes of freight traffic
 - b. High volumes of peak hour local commuter traffic
 - c. Limited crossings of railroad and river funnel traffic to the I-15/US-20 corridor
- 3. Provide pedestrian and bicycle mobility within the I-15 and US-20 corridors
 - a. Built and natural barriers limit safe connectivity to adjacent facilities and the river and adjacent multiuse trails
 - b. According to the 2008 BMPO Bicycle and Pedestrian plan the corridor's "existing facilities are either inadequate, deficient, or associated with various problems."
- 4. Address future travel demand forecasts
 - a. Current infrastructure will not accommodate travel demands of increasing local growth and regional tourism
 - b. Current infrastructure is projected to operate at Level of Service E or F at the interchange of I-15/US-20 by the year 2045, which will not appropriately provide for future growth as identified in adopted local (City, County, and MPO) land use and comprehensive plans.

Additional Goals

- 1. Provide transportation facilities that improve access to local schools, recreation facilities and commercial areas that support local land use plans while also reducing the negative impacts of the existing infrastructure on those community resources.
- 2. In addition to improvements to pedestrian and bicycle facilities in the corridor, seek to provide additional connections to the surrounding multi-modal network.
- 3. Provide improvements that serve all types of travelers including local commuters, freight, and regional tourism.
- 4. Consider new infrastructures impacts to local roads through coordination with Idaho Falls and Bonneville County.
- 5. In addition to identification and mitigation of any direct environmental impacts of the proposed improvements, seek to provide additional opportunities for the project to enhance local environmental resources.

B

Evaluation Criteria Matrix







Criteria	Improves Safety	Improves Congestion	Enhances Ped/Bike Opportunity	Accommodates Future Travel Demand	Minimizes Environmental Impacts	Economic, Demographics, and Market impacts	B/C Analysis and/or comparison of lifecycle costs and constructability	Improves
Level 1 Screening Question	Does the alternative improve bike, pedestrian, and vehicle safety on I-15 and US-20 including the interchange on and off-ramps?	Does the alterative reduce congestion on I-15 and US-20?	Does the alternative enhance or improve bicycle, pedestrian, transit and vehicle connectively throughout the I-15/US-20 study area?	Does the alternative improve travel time reliability on I-15 and US-20 in the study area?	Does the alternative meet the purpose and need of the project?	Does the alternative enhance or improve economic, demographic, and market conditions in accordance with City, County,and MPO land use and comprehensive plan objectives and goals?	Does the alternative provide options for phased improvements?	Do im loc inc rec fac co
No Action Alternative	0	0	\bigcirc	0			N/A	
I.A <i>On Alignment</i> Split Access for IC 118/119								
I.B On Alignment Free Flow for								
118/119 Interchanges								



Not Applicable N/A

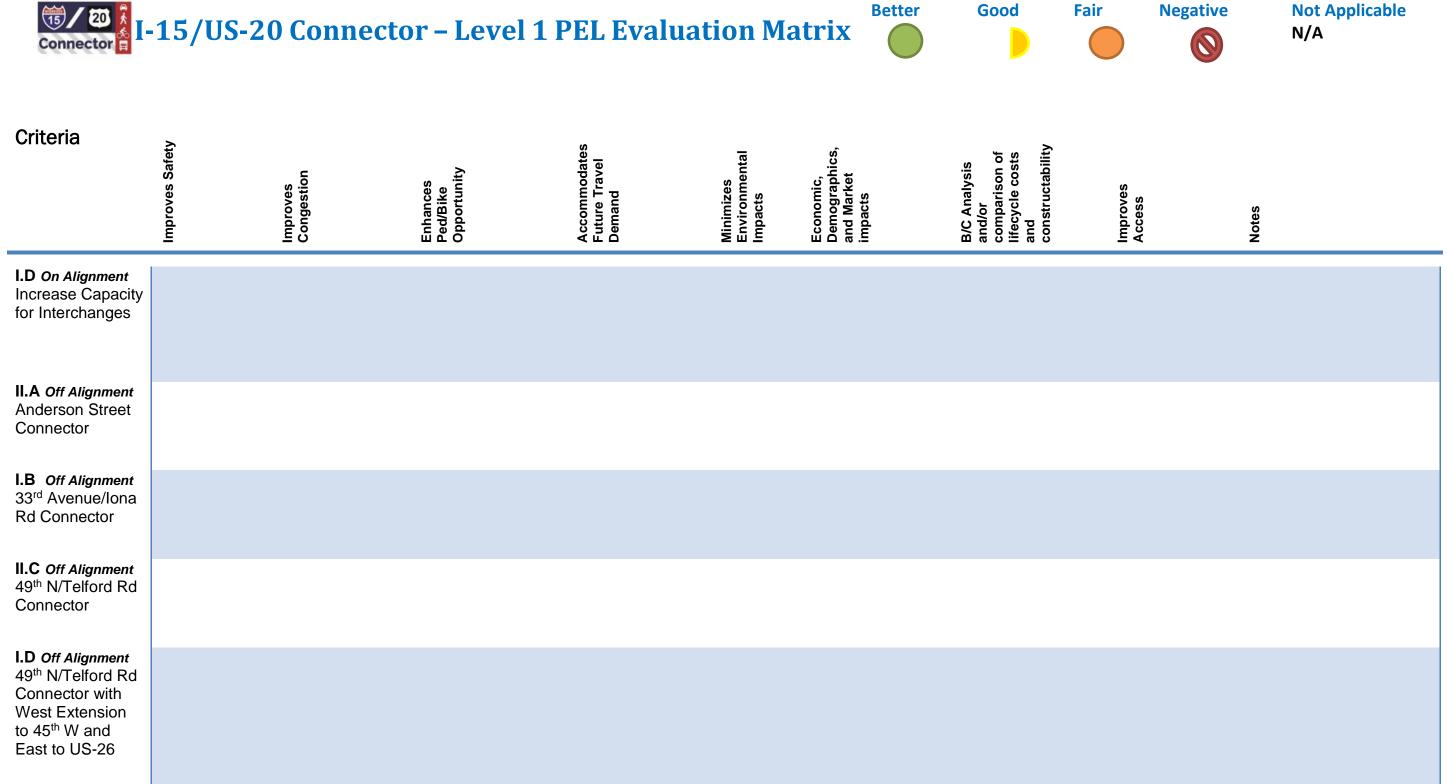
Improves Access

Notes

Does the alternative improve access to local resources including schools, recreational facilities, and commercial areas?



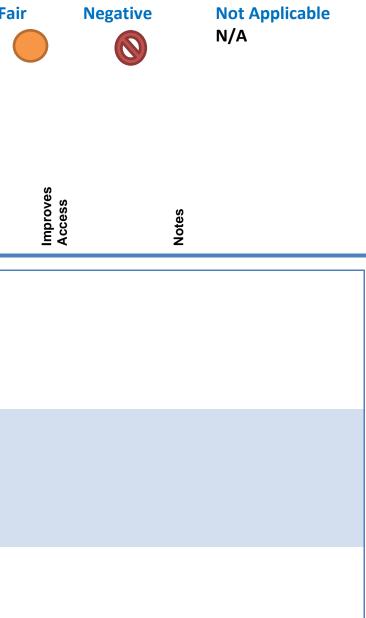






Criteria	Improves Safety	Improves Congestion	Enhances Ped/Bike Opportunity	Accommodates Future Travel Demand	Minimizes Environmental Impacts	Economic, Demographics, and Market impacts	B/C Analysis and/or comparison of lifecycle costs and constructability
I.E Off Alignment 65 th N Connector with West Extension to 45 th W and East to US-26							
I.F Off Alignment 73 N Connector with West Extension to 45 th W and East to US-26							
I.G Off Alignment 81 N Connector with West Extension to 45 th W and East to US-26							

Good





Universe of Alternatives Brainstorming Meeting Summary; Evaluation Questions; Alternative Descriptions and Exhibits

Meeting Minutes

Project: I-15/US-20 Connector

Subject:	Level 1 Universe of Alternative Brainstorming M	eeting
Date:	June 7-8 th , 2018	
Location:	ITD District 6 office, Rigby	
Attendees:	Lance Bates – Bonneville County	Karen Hiatt, ITD
	Nick Contos – Bonneville County	Drew Meppen – ITD
	Chris Canfield – City of Idaho Falls	Ryan Day – ITD
	Curtis Calderwood – ITD	Darrell West – BMPO
	Tim Cramer – ITD	Derek Noyes - ITD
	Mark Layton – ITD	Kelly Hoopes – Horrocks
	Brad Richards – ITD	Ben Burke – Horrocks
	Jesse Barrus – ITD	Tracy Ellwein – HDR
	Jim Lawrence – BYU Idaho	Cameron Waite - HDR
		Jason Longsdorf – HDR

Day 1 – June 7th (10:30 – 4:30)

The purpose of the meeting was for the Analysis Team to identify a universe of alternatives to address the study's purpose and need and goals. To prepare the analysis team, the team was provided background information ahead of the meeting. The information provided included:

- 1. Project Purpose and Need (KN20065-M_20180314_Purpose and Need.pdf)
- 2. Aerial maps of project study area
- 3. Environmental Scan Document by HDR, dated May 29th, 2018
- 4. Meeting Agenda

The meeting started with Tracy explaining what we need to accomplish in identifying alternatives, at a very high level, to meet the project purpose and need and goals. This is the initial step of the range of alternatives development. Jason next discussed the screening process which includes three levels of alternative screening leading to several recommended alternatives to be advanced into a NEPA study. Jason provided an overview of the environmental scan and environmental resource that were identified.

These include wetlands and water resources, land use, Section 4(f) properties, cultural resources, environmental justice, hazardous material, recreational areas, and biological resources.

Kelly and Cameron provided an overview of the existing traffic conditions, planning year forecast and the level of service for the planning year 2045 no build condition. Included in the traffic study was an origin and destination study that shows that split between local and regional traffic is 60% local and 40% regional. Consideration in alternative development needs to include supporting the regional (pass-through) traffic. They also discussed the sensitivity analysis of possible interchange locations north of Exit 119 and connector roads to the east that would have an impact on the study area traffic models.

Three groups were created with three to four team members in each group. Team members were a diverse mix to include agency staff and design team staff. The three teams spent the rest of the meeting brainstorming and exploring alternatives and sketching them on the provided maps. At the end of the day, each team presented their ideas to the group.

Following the group presentation, Tracy, Kelly, Cameron and Jason took all the alternatives and categorized them into broad concept ideas, combining those that were similar and assigned each distinct alternative a name.

Day 2 – June 8th (8:30 – 3:00)

The group was asked to share any new ideas they may have considered since the previous day. The groups were mixed up to refine the broad range of concepts developed the previous day, different than the ones they were involved with the day before. Each group advanced the concepts further, developed a list of hybrid alternatives and developed alternative descriptions.

In summary,

- The Analysis Team developed 14 alternatives
- The alternatives were categorized as either "on-alignment" or "off-alignment"
- Each alternative was given an unique name and a description
- Each concept was then drawn over aerial maps with the alternative name
- The sketch concept alternative maps and alternative description was sent to the analysis team and others from the agencies to be used for the Level One Screening meeting (July 24, 2018).



I-15/US-20 PEL DRAFT Evaluation Questions

DRAFT Evaluation Questions

Needs, Goals, and Objectives	Level 1 Criteria Questions	Level 1 Responses	Level 2 Criteria Questions	Level 2 Responses (all responses include qualitative discussion)	Level 3 Criteria Questions										
Safety	Does the alternative improve safety on I-15	Yes/No	Does the alternative reduce backups on the exit ramps?	Yes (identify which)/No	How well do ramp signals operate?										
	and US-20, including the interchange on or off-		Does the alternative provide the opportunity to address geometric	Yes/No											
	ramps?		deficiencies on I-15, US-20 and interchange ramps, including substandard lane width, acceleration,		Does the alternative provide adequate weave distance?										
			deceleration, and weaving distance between exits?		Does the alternative provide standard 12-foot lane widths?										
			Does the alternative address substandard interchange spacing on I- 15 and US-20?	Yes/No	Does the design option provide adequate distance between ramps?										
				Are changes in access (closures or relocations) expected to reduce crashes?	Yes/No	Does the alternative reduce the number of predicted crashes?									
Congestion	Does the alternative reduce congestion on I- 15 and US-20?	uce congestion on I-	Does the alternative increase the capacity of I-15 and US-20?	Yes/No	What is the capacity of I-15/US-20 in the alternative?										
15 and US-20?													Does the alternative separate regional through trips and local destination trips?	Yes/No	Does the alternative reduce end-to-end travel times through the corridor
				Does the alternative improve freight movement?	Yes/No	How does the alternative affect freight traffic?									
			Does the alternative provide improved, alternative, or additional crossings of railroad and river?	Yes/No	Is there an alternative or redundant crossing provided in the alternative?										
					Does the alternative affect traffic volumes on parallel facilities?										
pedestrian,enhance or improvementtransit andbicycle, pedestriarvehicletransit and vehicle	Does the alternative enhance or improve	hance or improve cycle, pedestrian, insit and vehicle nnectivity throughout	Yes/No Does the alternative enhance or improve bicycle, pedestrian, transit and	Yes/No	Does the alternative support current and future bicycle connection needs in the Study area?										
	bicycle, pedestrian, transit and vehicle connectivity throughout		vehicle connectivity throughout the I- 15/US-20 project area?		Does the alternative support current and future pedestrian connection needs across I-15 and US-20?										
					Does the alternative support current and future transit connection needs across I-15 and US-20?										
					Does the alternative support current and future local vehicle connection needs across I-15/US-20?										

Level 3 Responses (quantitative discussion)
Ramp signal LOS
What is the total weave distance provided between consecutive ramps?
What is the total number of corridor lane-miles that are narrower than 12 feet?
What is the total distance between ramps?
What is the total number of predicted crashes based on HSM analysis?
What is the total number of vehicles able to be moved through the corridor in a given peak period?
What is the end to end travel time in the corridor?
What are the out of direction movements and/or total delay for high volume freight routes?
How many lanes cross the railroad and river?
What are the projected volumes and LOS on parallel facilities?
What are the number of bicycle crossings and new trail provided?
What are the total number of pedestrian crossings and/or new sidewalk or multiuse trails that meet BMPO 2008 Bike/Ped plan standards?
What connections are supported?
What connections are supported?



I-15/US-20 PEL DRAFT Evaluation Questions

DRAFT Evaluation Questions

Needs, Goals, and Objectives	Level 1 Criteria Questions	Level 1 Responses	Level 2 Criteria Questions	Level 2 Responses (all responses include qualitative discussion)	Level 3 Criteria Questions
					Does the alternative improve connections/transfers to surrounding multi- modal network?
Future Travel Demand	Does the alternative improve travel time reliability on I-15 and	Yes/No	Does the alternative provide capacity improvements to address projected population and tourism growth?	Yes/No	Does the alternative address 2045 peak hour congestion?
	US-20 in the Study area?		Does the alternative provide LOS improvements to adequately address future growth as identified in adopted City, County, and MPO land use and comprehensive plans? *(Acceptable LOS per BMPO Long Range Transportation Plan = LOS A-D)	Yes/No	Does the alternative operate at a 2045 LOS consistent with existing BMPO planning documents (LOS A-D is acceptable)?
					Does the alternative provide flexibility to accommodate increases in volume beyond the planning year?
meet the purpos	Does the alternative meet the purpose and need of the project?	Yes/No	Will the environmental impacts require additional agency approvals or permits?	Yes/No	What environmental impacts have been identified?
			Does the alternative create any unavoidable impacts to environmental resources?	Yes/No and list the resources and type of impact.	Are necessary mitigations for any environmental impacts likely to limit design flexibility or affect the overall schedule and cost?
			Does the alternative provide enhancement to local environmental resources?	Yes/No	What enhancements would the alternative provide?
Public Support			Does the alternative create any controversial issues?	Yes/No	What are the obvious public concerns the project will have to address?
Cost/ Constructability	Does the alternative provide options for	Yes/No			Would phased improvements include throwaway improvements?
	phased improvements?	hased improvements?			Would the alternative redirect traffic to other local roads?
					What is the lifecycle cost of the alternative?
Access	Does the alternative improve access to local	Yes/No			Is the improved access to local resources beneficial to the intent/use of the local resource?
	resources including schools, recreational				Does the alternative reduce access to local resources?

Level 3 Responses (quantitative discussion)
What connections are supported?
What are the 2045 peak hour congestion rates?
How well does the alternative accommodate future local land use and population changes?
Yes/No
Identify environmental impacts.
Identify agency approvals and permits required (especially for 404, Section 106, 4f, 6f, etc.)
Identify enhancements.
Identify pubic perception/support issues.
Identify improvements might be thrown away at a later phase of design.
Identify impacts to alternative local roads.
Identify lifecycle cost of alternative.
Describe the change to the access and the likely impact on the resource.
Describe how the access is reduced and the likely impact on the resource.



I-15/US-20 PEL DRAFT Evaluation Questions

DRAFT Evaluation Questions

Needs, Goals, and Objectives	Level 1 Criteria Questions	Level 1 Responses	Level 2 Criteria Questions	Level 2 Responses (all responses include qualitative discussion)	Level 3 Criteria Questions
	facilities, and commercial areas?				

June 1, 2018

Level 3 Responses (quantitative data and qualitative discussion)



	I.	On Alignment Alternatives	
	I.A Split Access for IC 118/119	I.B- Free Flow for IC 118/119	
Description	 Exits 118 and 119 become one single split interchange with one-way collector – distributor (CD) roads that connect Broadway and Grandview/US-20. The CD Roads would be one-way traveling in the same direction as the I-15 divided lanes (east side CD travels northbound [NB], west side CD travels southbound [SB]). Texas turnarounds provided for U-turns between the NB and SB CD roads at each exit. Vehicles can access Grandview or Broadway at signalized intersections. Lindsay Blvd. interchange is removed and a new local road connection from Lindsay to the system is provided. Two potential locations are shown in the drawing. This system can be combined with direct connection flyover ramps from I-15 to US-20 or any options to reconfigure the Fremont and Science Center interchanges. May be companioned and/or staged with other options presented. New Pedestrian Crossing over I-15 between 118 and 119. 	 New free-flow connector ramps are constructed between I-15 near exit 118 connecting to US-20 before the Fremont interchange, separating all through traffic from all interchanges. Fremont, Science and Lewisville interchanges remain in their current configurations. These free-flow connector ramps are full access control and elevated with grade separations. Modify Broadway Interchange and Grandview Interchange to high capacity interchange. Remove the Lindsay Interchange and replace with a local road connection between Fremont and Lindsay over the river. New Pedestrian Crossing over I-15 between 118 and 119. 	Same alter interchang connector
Safety	 Eliminates weaving and acceleration issues on I-15 between Exits 118 and 119. Moves queues from the Exit 119 NB off-ramp so they do not back up onto I-15. Removes Lindsay interchange ramps, increasing weaving and acceleration distances between interchanges in the system. New Lindsay connections allow new, separate ped/bike facilities away from I-15 and US-20. CD roads allow traffic going to different destinations to weave and change lanes at lower speed (35-45 mph vs. 65 mph), separate from I-15 traffic 	 Reduces traffic on the NB 119 off-ramp, which removes the potential for queuing back to I-15. Reduces volume of traffic at the weaving location between Exits 118 and 119. Conversion of existing US-20 at the connection to I-15 allows for improved ped/bike accommodations. 	 Same alter Remove percension of the crossings and the crossing of th
Congestion	 Remove queues from backing onto I-15, more room for queues on CD road. Allow U-turns at each exit for full access to CD roads, improves mobility through the system. Signal timing with adjacent signals on Broadway to move traffic. CD roads allow traffic going to different destinations to weave and change lanes at lower speed (35-45 mph vs. 65 mph), separate from I-15 traffic, reducing conflict. Allows dual left turn lanes from WB US-20 to SB CD and from Broadway to NB CD, reducing queues and moving more cars per signal cycle. 	 Removes through traffic accessing US-20 from 118/119 interchanges. Reduces travel times. 	Same alter
Future Travel Demand	 Can be a short term solution to serve demand until it grows, then in 2030 or 2035 add flyovers, NB connector, etc., to move I-15 to US-20 demand from the split diamond. The split diamond would serve the reduced demand for local connections. Limited by the number of turn lanes provided at signalized intersections. Need to evaluate need for additional capacity on local "US-20 alignment". 	 Long-term solution however not expandable at Exits 118 and 119. The free flow connector ramps can be expanded to travel through Fremont and Science Center (Alt I.C) 	Long-Term Science Ce
Environmental	 Potential new crossing over river and railroad for a Lindsay connection alternative. Temple View Elementary on west and industrial area and railroad on the east could be impacted by CD roads. Noise impacts Visual effects 	 New crossings over river, railroad, Lindsay, US-20 and I-15. Elevated roads cause visual and audible impacts. 	Same as I.

I.C Free flow 118/119 & Fremont	
e alternative as I.B with the addition of a high capacity hange at Fremont and extension of the free-flow ector ramps beyond the Fremont interchange	
alternative as I.B ve pedestrian conflict points with the at-grade ped/bike ngs at the ramps with new Fremont interchange.	
alternative as I.B	
Term solution through however not expandable at ce Center interchange.	
as I.B	



Cost/Constructability	•	Could be built mostly within existing ROW, require significant staging of existing traffic during construction. Replace I-15 bridge over Broadway to allow more lanes and Texas turnaround lanes. Expand or replace Grandview bridge over I-15 to allow more lanes and Texas turnaround lanes. One Lindsay Alternative (north) requires 2 new bridges over railroad and river. Addresses immediate needs and allows more time to develop flyovers, NB connector, etc., to move I-15 to US-20 demand. The split diamond can continue to serve the reduced demand that is more "local" traffic while the long term	•	Difficult staging for on-alignment work High impact to mobility during construction Numerous new structures, some elevated in two and three levels over existing and proposed roadways	•	Same as
Access	•	solution serves "regional" traffic. Maintains all existing connections from I-15 and US-20 to local streets, with the	•	Separates regional vs local access at three interchanges.	•	Same as
		Lindsay interchange removed and new local street connections to access I-15 and US-20.	•	Provide a new access for Lindsay from local road. Lindsay to become a local road connection with a new river bridge.		

	I.D Increase Capacity	
Description	 Reconstruct and expand system in same corridor with lane expansion on I-15, US-20, and the interchanges. Rebuild 118 interchange, 119 interchange, and Science Center interchange into high capacity interchanges. Close Lindsay interchange and provide a new Lindsay local connection with a new local system bridge north of US-20. Convert Fremont from an interchange to an overpass Make Science Center a full interchange. Traffic using the Fremont interchange will use the Science Center interchange. 	
Safety	 Removes 4 conflict points with removal of 2 interchange's Eliminates weaving issues between the Exit 119, Lindsay, and Fremont interchanges. Removes vehicles slowing to exit at Fremont and Lindsay from US-20, reducing speed differences between vehicles 	
Congestion	Reduces congestion associated with vehicles entering and exiting Lindsay and Fremont interchange's	
Future Travel Demand	Not expandable. No possibility to connect US-20 to US-26	
Environmental	 New US-20 bridge over the canal Maintain the same footprint for US-20 New Lindsay Blvd. connection over the canal and the river 	
Cost/Constructability	 Difficult staging for on-alignment work High impact to mobility during construction New structures over railroad for Science Center interchange 	
Access	Removes access points to local roads with removal of Lindsay and Fremont interchange's. Provide a new access for Lindsay from local road.	

as I.B





	II. Off Alignment Alternatives			
	II.A – Anderson Street Connector	II.B – 33rd Avenue/Iona Rd. Connector		
Description	 Provide a system interchange to the north of Exit 119 interchange with a new river crossing, railroad crossing, Canal Crossing South of Freeman Park, and Science Center Drive. Intent of this option is to fully separate the through I-15/US-20 traffic from the local roadway network while maintaining access for local traffic across the existing railroad, canal and river crossings. May be companioned/staged with other options presented. Move connection of US-20 to I-15 to the north as described. US-20 between the Grandview exit 119 and Science Center becomes a local road. Install US-20 EB entrance ramp and WB exit ramp at Science Center to US-20. Remove the connection of US-20 between Fremont Drive/Riverside and Science Center and install a frontage road to connect to Science Center. Address ped/bike crossings with all new roads and establish options for separated traffic on the old US-20 alignment between Grandview and Science Center Drive. 	 New US-20 alignment travels west from the Lewisville interchange aligned with 33rd/lona Rd and connects to I-15 with a system interchange north of Exit 119. (33rd could eventually be connected all the way across to US-26.). Exit 118 and 119 are improved together (see I.A Split Access for interchange 118/119) WB US-20 movement flies over I-15 and then has the option to merge onto I-15 (north of Grandview) or exit at Grandview – which also provides access to CD road to exit at Broadway – only way to get to Broadway. Existing US-20 alignment becomes a new commercial route. Existing improvements remain intact across the river. Lindsay connection remains as is. US-20 comes down to grade at Fremont (could be signalized or a roundabout). Provide a similar at grade intersection treatment at Science Center Drive. Carry existing old US-20 alignment north of Science Center Drive and provide a new connection midway between Anderson and Iona to Holmes. 	Nev Lew and Exit all th •	
Safety	 Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20. Increases the distance for vehicles to make merge/weave movements for the I-15/US-20 traffic interface. Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations. Eliminates weaving issues between the Exit 119, Lindsay, and Fremont interchanges. There will be a relatively short weaving section between Exit 119 and the new US-20 interchange on I-15 	 Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20 and WB US-20 to SB I-15. Eliminates several weave movements, extends the weaving distance for others, and provides adequate acceleration and deceleration lengths on I-15, US-20, and old US-20. Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations. 	•	
Congestion	 Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange. East/west Grandview movements no longer in conflict with US-20 traffic across I-15. 	 Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange. East/west Grandview movements no longer in conflict with US-20 traffic across I-15. 	•	
Future Travel Demand	 US-20/I-15 connection could be widened in the future. Additional options can be implemented for weaving/merge concerns between 118 and 119. Can be implemented with Alternatives II.D-E. 	Provides an alignment to eventually connect US-20 to US-26.	•	
Environmental	 New crossings over the river, railroad, and canal. Alignment/impacts to park and low-income neighborhoods to be addressed. Noise impacts Visual effects. 	 New crossings over the river and railroad. Temple View Elementary could be impacted by frontage road. Noise impacts Visual effects. 	• • • •	

II.C - 49th N/Telford Rd Connector

New US-20 alignment travels west from north of the ewisville interchange aligned with 49th N/Telford Road and connects to I-15 with a system interchange north of Exit 119. (This alignment could eventually be connected all the way across to US-26.).

- US-20 rejoins the current alignment at the St Leon interchange.
- Requires a river crossing, 5 new structures over county roads, and 2 structures over the railroad. Existing US-20 will be severed at 15th and connects with county roads.
- Existing US-20 to be downgraded to a local roadway.

Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20. Eliminates several weave movements, extends the weaving distance for others, and provides adequate acceleration and deceleration lengths on I-15, US-20, and old US-20.

Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations.

Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange.

Uninterrupted traffic flow between US-20 and I-15. Separates local traffic from regional through traffic.

Existing US-20 will need additional travel lanes for local traffic growth.

New connector provides interchange opportunities for growing development north of Idaho Falls.

New crossings over river and railroad. Prime farm ground. Near Hatch Pit (construction material dump). Near golf course. Noise impacts to subdivisions. Visual effects.



Cost/Constructability	•	Either long span or multiple bridges over I-15, railroad and river.	•	Either long span or multiple bridges over I-15, railroad and river.	•	
	•	The new river crossing can be constructed with no existing traffic traveling	•	New overpass bridge for River Road and 5 th West.		
		through the work zone	•	US-26 extension requires new railroad overpass and a new interchange near Hitt.	•	
			•	Phasing issues: New US-20 alignment could be built first, frontage road and ramps would be next and require challenging intersection construction on Broadway and Grandview.		
Access		 Provides new full access system interchange for I-15 and US-20. 	•	Provides new full access interchange at I-15 and US-20.	•	
		 Keeps existing US-20 / Grandview interchange for local access 	•	Existing US-20 becomes a local access road, connecting to a local road		
		 Connects old US-20 at Science Center Drive as a local road only. 		south of the Lewisville interchange area.	•	
		Fremont interchange is removed.	•	Lewisville interchange is modified to connect to new US-20 alignment.		

Either long span or multiple bridges over I-15, railroad, river and county roads. System interchange for US-20.

Same as II.B except that existing US-20 connects to a local road south of the St. Leon interchange. St. Leon interchange is removed.



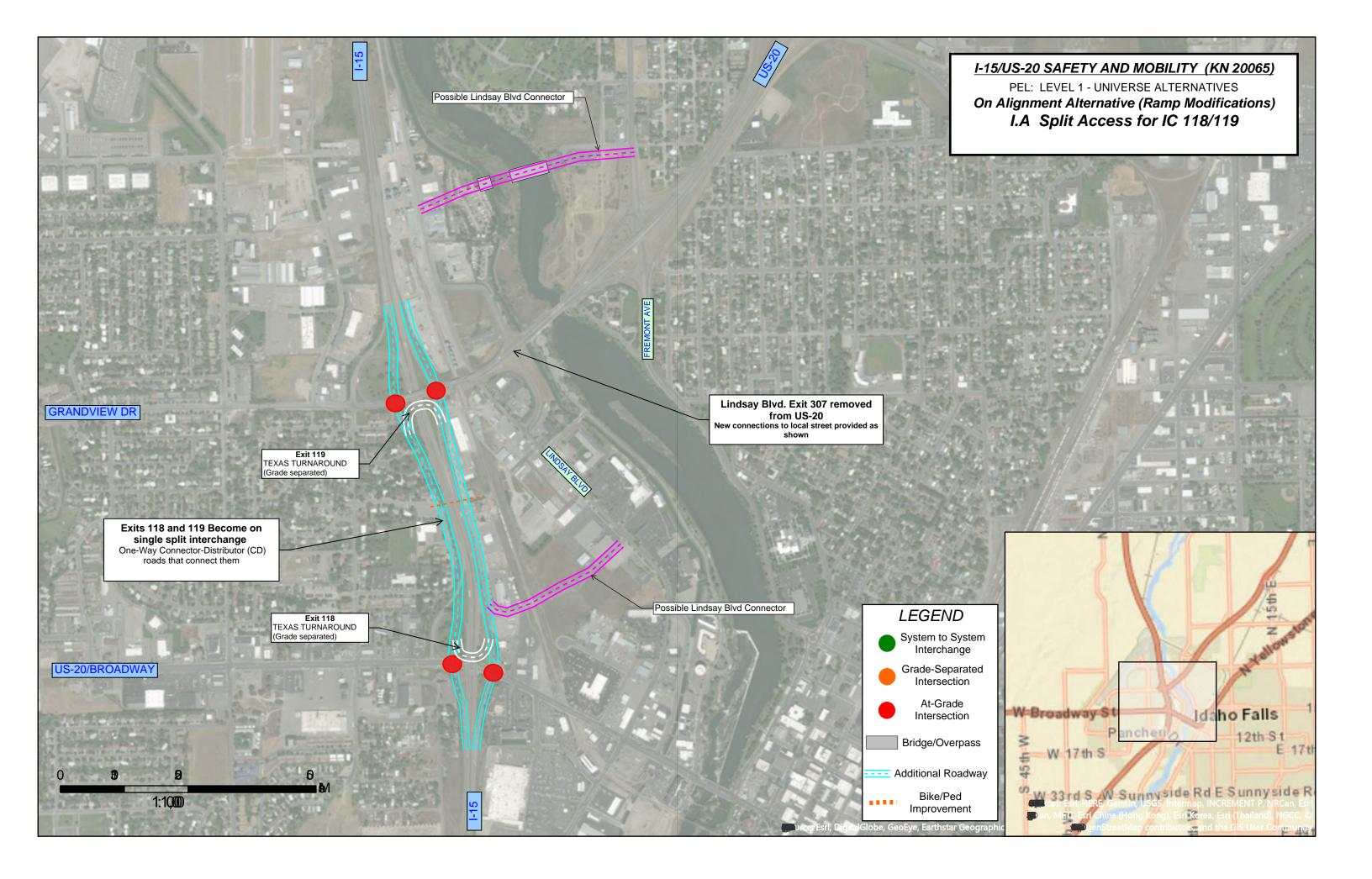
	II.D Alternative II.C with West Extension of 49 th N to 45 th W	II.E – 65 th N/Telford Road Extension	II.F – 73 rd North
Description	 II.C Alternative with the addition of a West alignment along 45th W to 49th N to 1-15. New I-15 interchange is included in the II.C alternative New US-20 alignment starting west of Idaho Falls travels north on 45th West, connects with 49th North, then heads east to connect with I-15 at the new interchange constructed with Alternative II.C. Extend US-20 connector east to US-26 Requires 5 new structures over county roads and 2 structures over the railroad. 	 New US-20 alignment starting west of Idaho Falls and heading north on 45th West, connecting with 65th North, then heading east to connect with I-15. New interchange with I-15. Extend 65th North to the east to connect to existing US-20 with a new interchange. Requires two new river crossings, 5 new structures over county roads and 2 structures over the railroad. New grade separated intersection at the Lewisville Highway. New interchange at US-20 and US-26 if connection is desired. US-20 meanders to avoid farm land, golf course and landfill and then rejoins the existing alignment at Woodruff interchange. Existing US-20 alignment becomes a new commercial route. Existing improvements remain intact across the river. Lindsay connection at Holmes. 	 New US-20 alignment starting west of Idaho Falls heading north on 45th West, connecting with 73rd North, then heading east to connect with I-15. New Interchange with I-15 Extend 73rd North to the east to connect to existing US-20 with a new interchange. Requires two new river crossings, 5 new structures over county roads and 2 structures over the railroad. US-20 could eventually be connected all the way across to US-26 Includes a new overpass at Lewisville Highway. Existing US-20 alignment becomes a new commercial route. Existing improvements remain intact across the river. Lindsay connection remains as is. US-20 comes down to grade at Fremont (could be signalized or a roundabout). Provide a similar at grade treatment at Science Center Drive - but end US-20 at Science Center. Carry existing US-20 alignment north to an intersection at Lewisville Highway.
Safety	 Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20. Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations 	 Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20. Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations. 	 Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20. Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike accommodations
Congestion	Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange.	Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange.	 Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an interchange.
Future Travel Demand	 Need to evaluate need for additional capacity on local "US-20 alignment" Provides an alignment to eventually connect to US-26. 	 Need to evaluate need for additional capacity on local "US-20 alignment" Provides an alignment to eventually connect to US-26. 	 Need to evaluate need for additional capacity on local "US-20 alignment" Provides an alignment to eventually connect to US-26.
Environmental	Same as II.C	Same as II.C.	Same as II.C except for the golf course and Hatch pit conflicts.
Cost/Constructability	 Either long span or multiple bridges over I-15, railroad and river. New overpass bridge East River Road (5th East), 5th West, System interchange at existing US-20 and 15th East. US-26 extension requires new railroad overpass and two more overpasses to the east to connect to US-26. Phasing issues:Phasing issues: New US-20 alignment could be built first. 	Same as II.D.	Same as II.D.

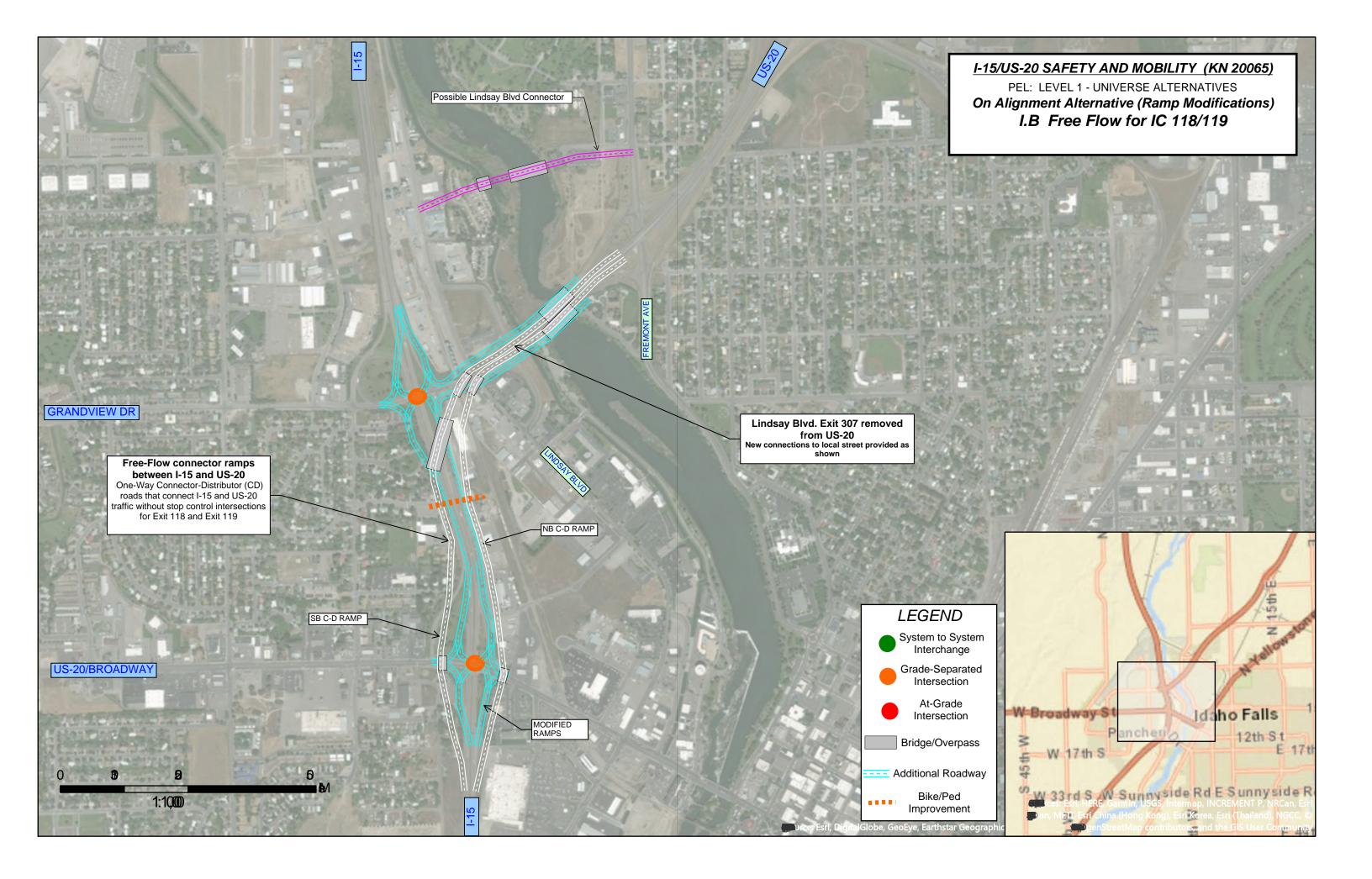


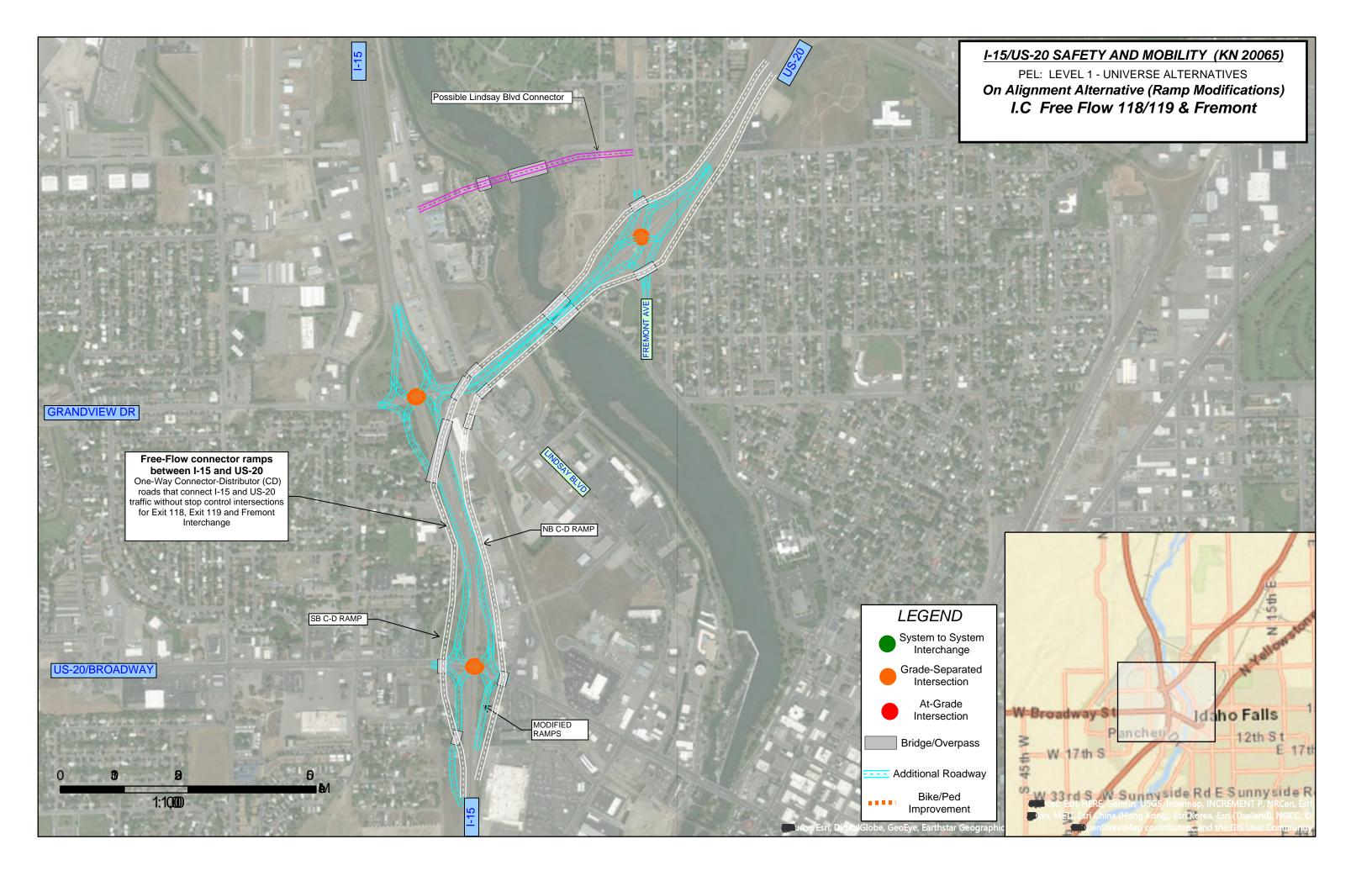
	 Reconstruction and decommissioning of US-20 must occur very soon after. 		
Access	 Provides new full access interchange at I-15 and US-20. US-20 to become a local access road with access points remaining as- is. New overpasses as main local roads 	Same as II.D	Same

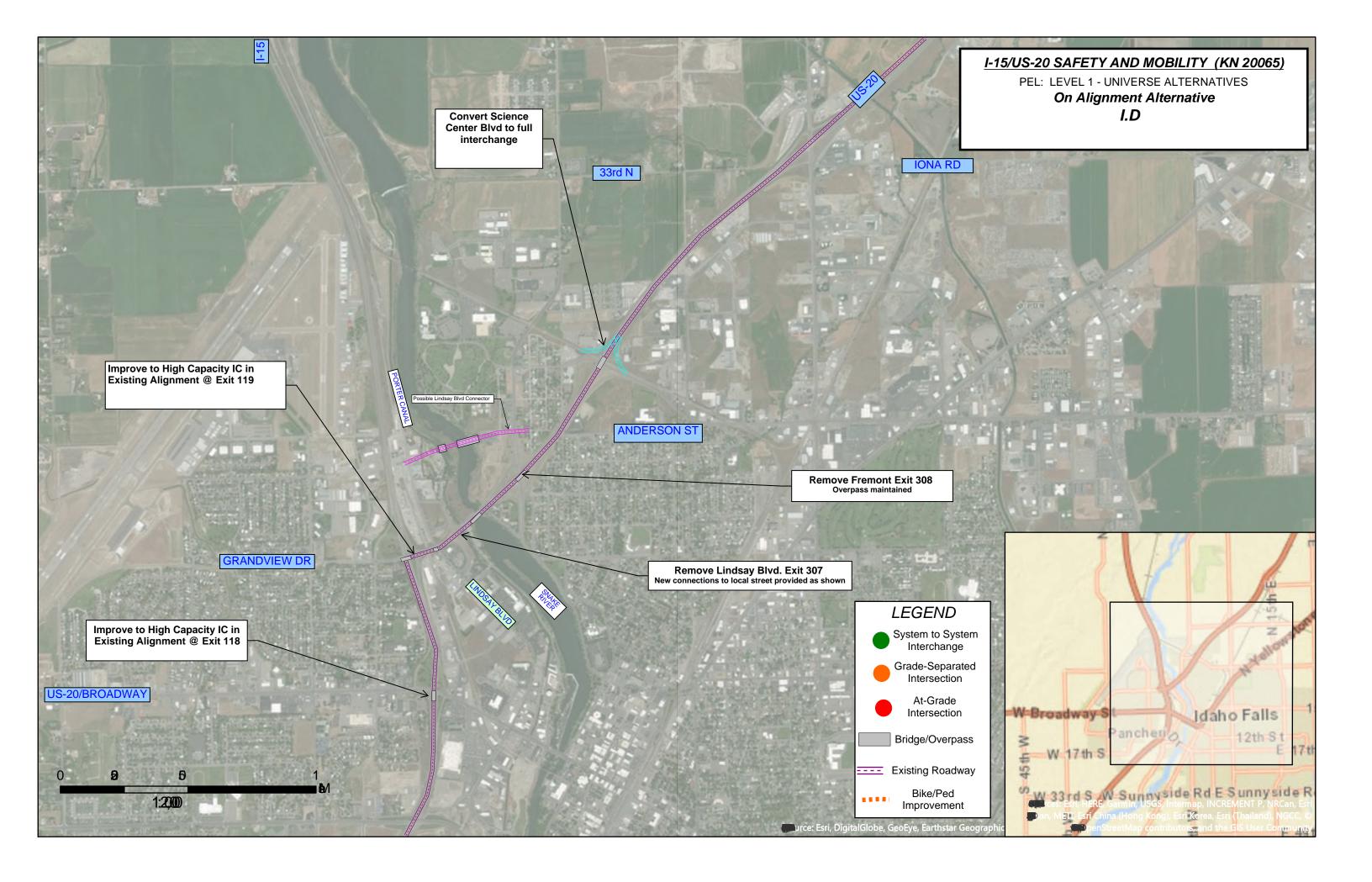
	II.G – Ririe Outlet (North of 81 st)	
Description	New US-20 alignment starting west of Idaho Falls and heading north on 45 th	
	West, then connecting with 81 st North heading east to connect with I-15.	
	New interchange with I-15 and a new connection to existing US-20 to the	
	east.	
	A new system interchange to connect US-20 and new US-26.	
	Requires a river crossing and 5 new structures over county roads and 2	
	structures over the railroad.	
	Flyover for US-26 and new US-26B connection.	
	• Existing US-20 will be severed at 25 th and connects with county roads.	
	Existing US-20 to be downgraded to a local roadway.	
Safety	Eliminates stop control for NB I-15 to EB US-20.	
	• Eliminates several weave movements – and extends the weaving distance	
	for others and provides adequate accel/decel lengths.	
	Conversion of existing US-20 allows for improved ped and bike	
	accommodations.	
	Continuity between west and east side of I-15 traffic flow for US-20.	
Congestion	Highest volumes are served without stop control or traveling through an	
	interchange.	
	Uninterrupted E/W traffic flow between US-20, US-26, and I-15.	
	Separates local from through traffic.	
Future Travel	Existing US-20 will need additional travel lanes for local traffic growth.	
Demand	• West leg of US-20 will need grade separated intersections as area develops.	
Environmental	Same as II.CSame	
Cost/Constructability	Either long span or multiple bridges over I-15, railroad, river and county	
	roads.	
	System interchange for US-20 and US-26.	
	US-26 extension requires new railroad overpass and a new interchange	
	near St. Leon.	
	Longest option.	

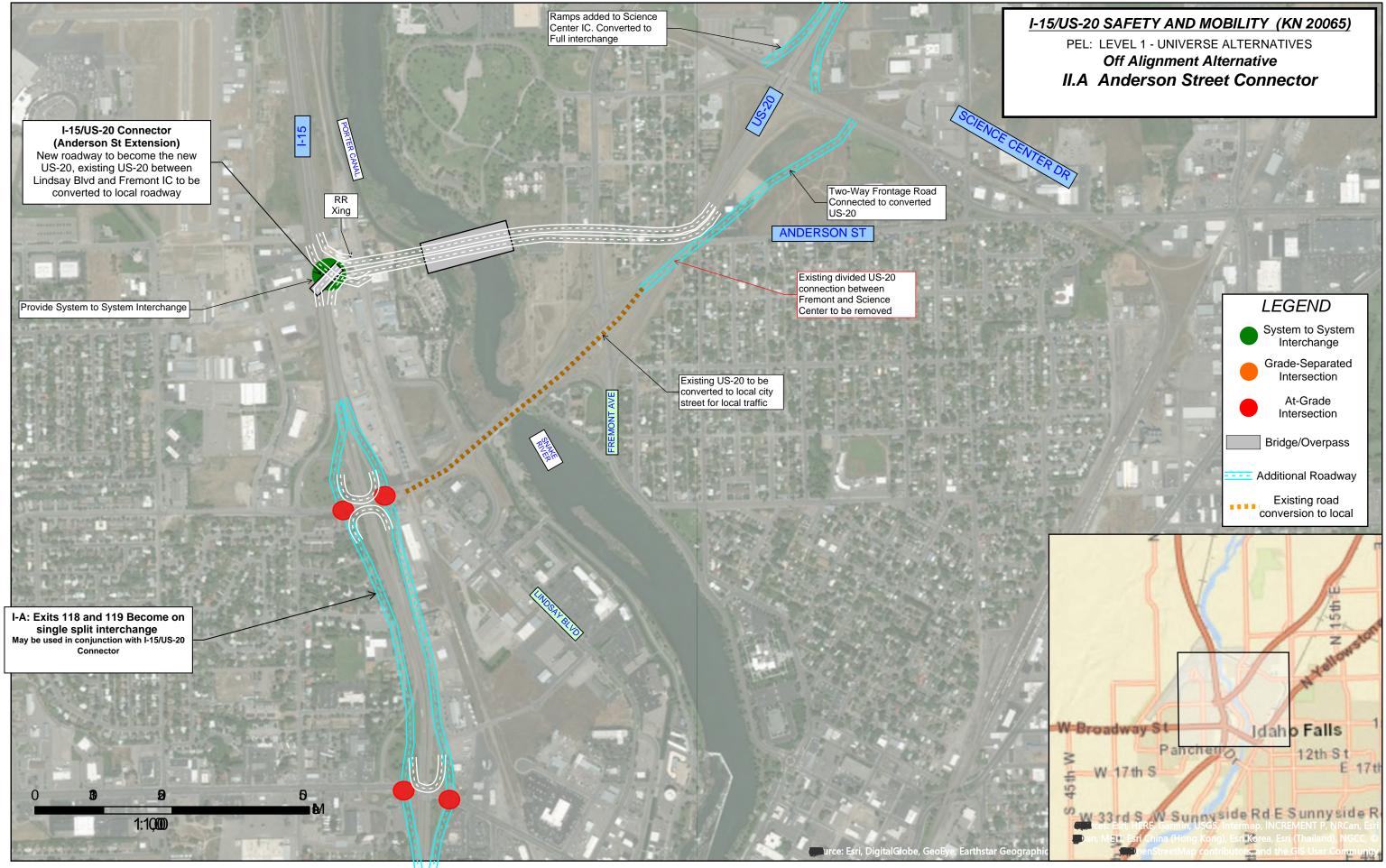


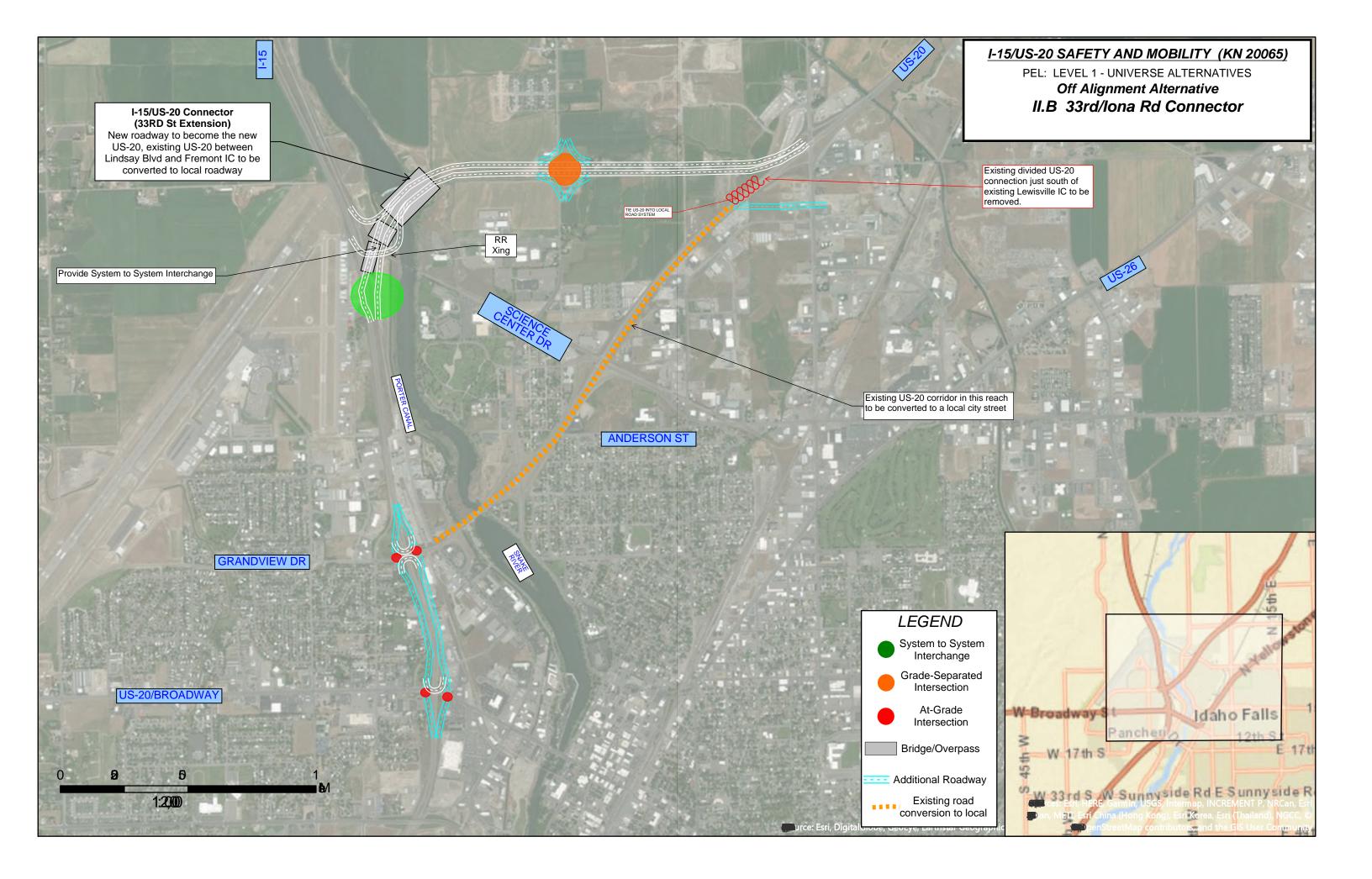


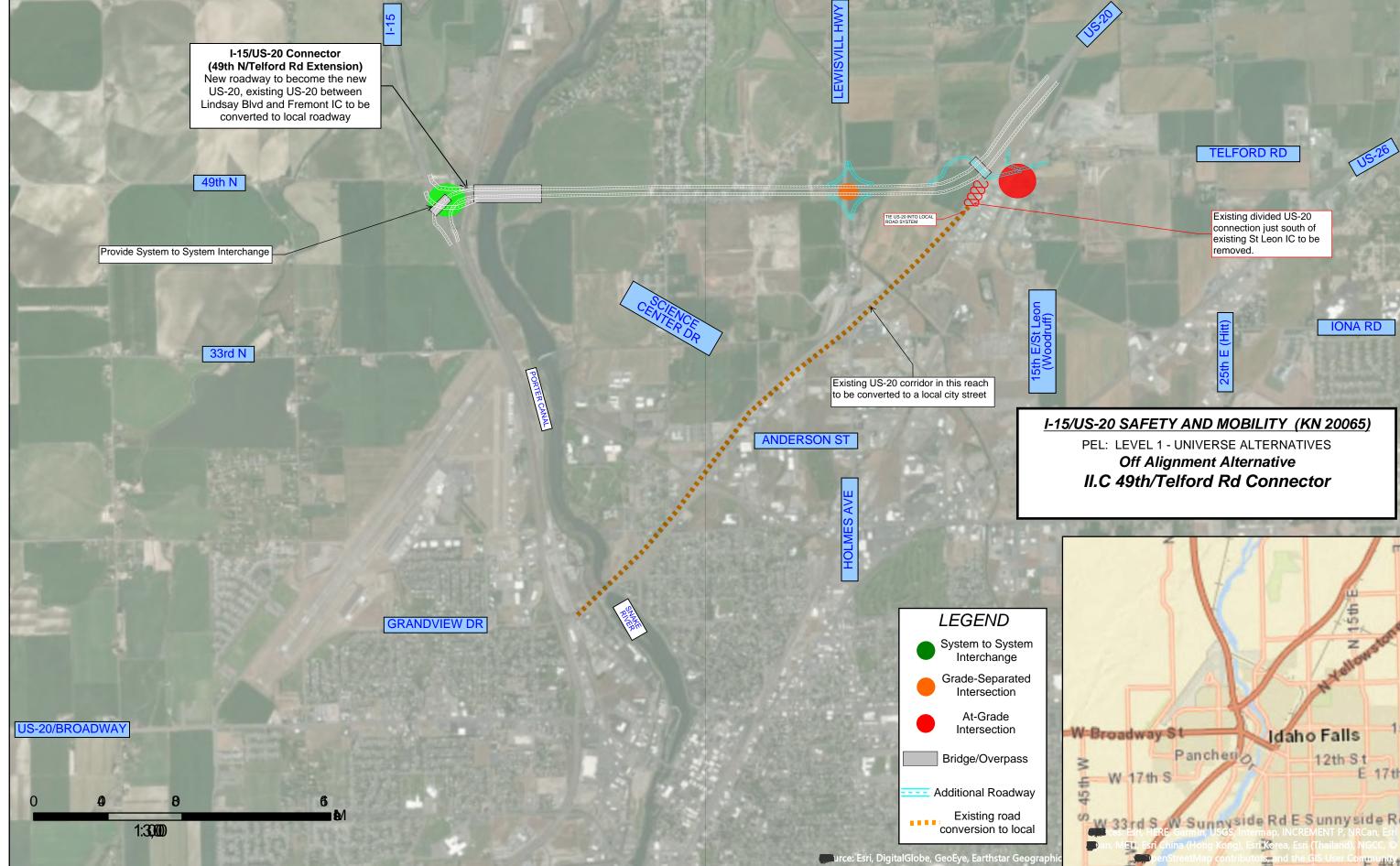


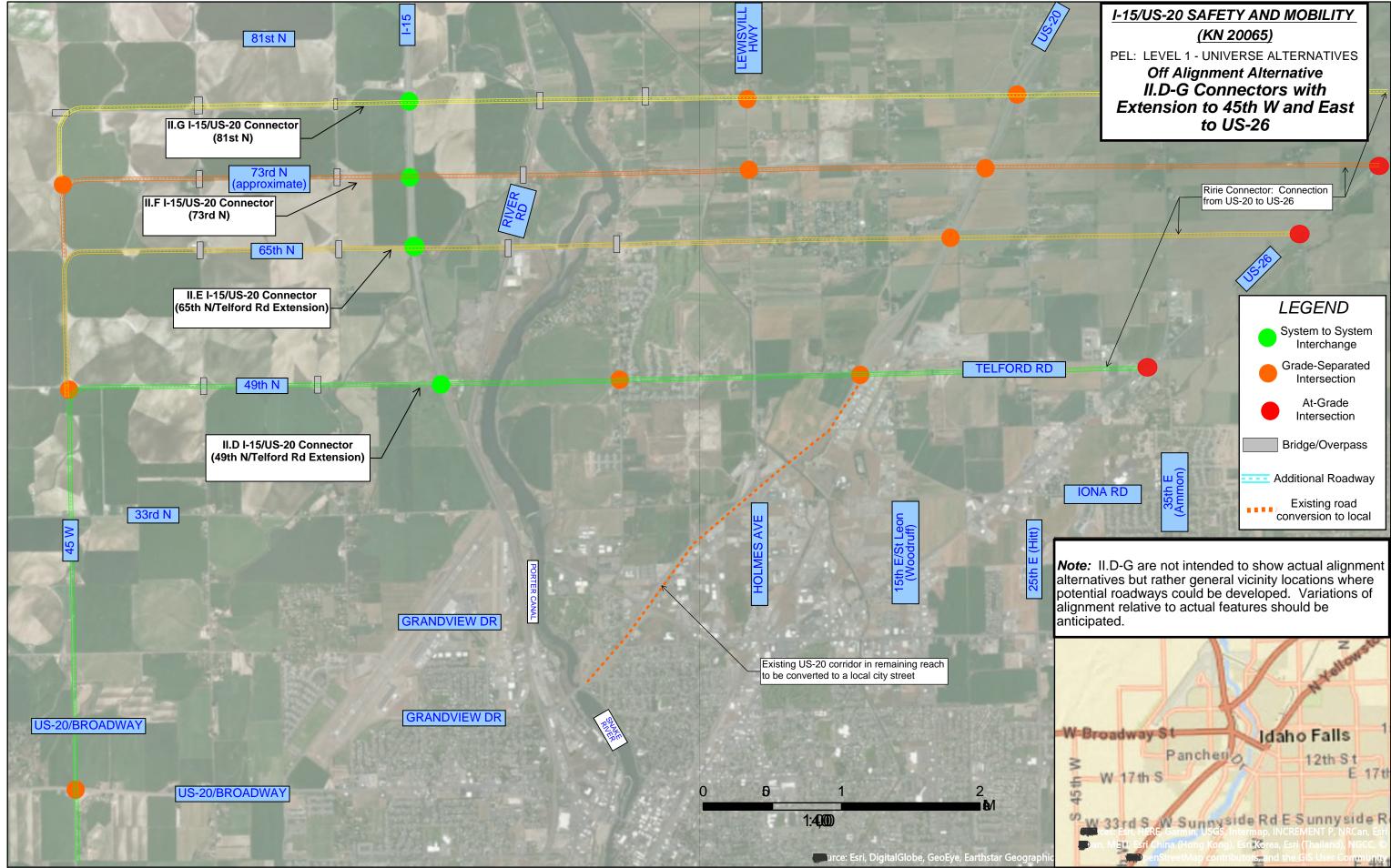














Level One Screening Meeting Summary

Meeting Minutes

Project: I-15/US-20 Connector

Subject:	Level One Screening Meeting	
Date	July 24, 2018; 10:00 am	
Location:	ITD District 6 office, Rigby	
Attendees:	Lance Bates – Bonneville County	Karen Hiatt - ITD
	Nick Contos – Bonneville County	Drew Meppen – ITD
	Chris Canfield – City of Idaho Falls	Ryan Day – ITD
	Lisa Applebee – FHWA	Darrell West – BMPO
	Curtis Calderwood – ITD	Derek Noyes - ITD
	Tim Cramer – ITD	Kelly Hoopes – Horrocks
	Mark Layton – ITD	Ben Burke – Horrocks
	Brad Richards – ITD	Tracy Ellwein – HDR
	Jet Johnstone – ITD	Cameron Waite - HDR
	Jesse Barrus – ITD	Jason Longsdorf – HDR

The purpose of the meeting was for the analysis team to review the universe of alternatives developed on June 7th & June 8th against the Level One PEL Evaluation Matrix screening criteria. A conference call was held with the analysis team on June 26, 2018 to explain and orient them on evaluation questions, the screening matrix, figures and descriptions of the alternatives developed. The upfront information provided included the following:

- 1. Project Purpose and Need (KN20065-M_20180314_Purpose and Need.pdf)
- 2. Universe of Alternatives Level 1 Figures (KN20065_20180626_Level 1 Alt Figures.pdf)
- 3. Alternatives Description Matrix (KN20065_20180626_ Alternatives Descriptions.pdf)
- 4. Level 1 PEL Evaluation Matrix (KN20065_20180626_ L1 Evaluation Matrix.pdf).3

5. Project Storymap URL link

http://iplan.maps.arcgis.com/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=c8dac0c590d2474bb545793110de0e43

Each member of the analysis team reviewed the provided information to complete the evaluation matrix and sent the matrix to HDR prior to the meeting on July 24.

The meeting started with an overview of each of the alternatives with a short Q & A session. Each team member received their evaluation matrix back to review their scoring based on the presentation of the alternatives. Some attendees were unclear on their initial evaluation that alternatives could be combined (such as IA and IIA), so re-visiting the evaluation matrix was valuable.

The evaluation results were compiled by alternative and by criteria to show an overall scoring. The results were shown on a PowerPoint slide show. The Analysis Team discussed the results and based on the compilation, determined of the overall scoring for each alternative relative to the evaluation criteria, what alternatives to advance to Level Two and those alternatives to not be considered further.

The Level One Screening Compilation is attached.

In Summary,

- Level One Screening reviewed 14 alternatives developed during the "universe of alternatives brainstorming"
- Of the 14 Level One alternatives, 9 alternatives were recommended to advance to Level Two analysis.
- The Level One alternatives and the results from the screening were presented to the public at a public meeting on September 5, 2018.
- Input from Community Working Group Meeting #3 was used in developing an additional Level Two alterative (US-20 one way couplet)
- Next steps for Level 2 analysis is a coarse development of geometrics, travel demand modeling, bridge locations, major utility conflicts, ped/bike/multi-modal routing/connections; right of way needs, local access roads connections; review of land use planning; freight plans; identify environmental concerns/constraints; future developments/economics.
- Following the analysis, the team will meet to review and screen the alternatives against the Level Two screening matrix.
- The Level Two results will be presented to the public in late winter/early spring of 2019.

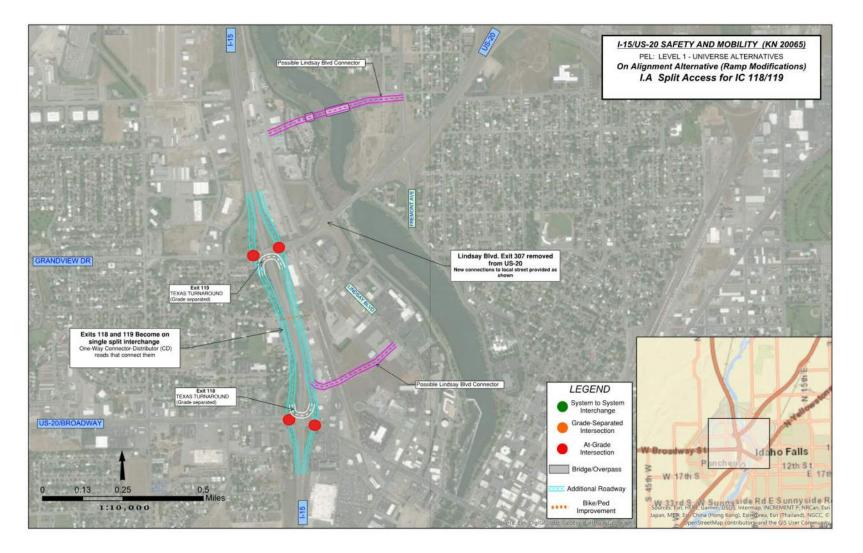
Welcome!

I-15/US-20 Level 1 Screening Meeting July 24, 2018



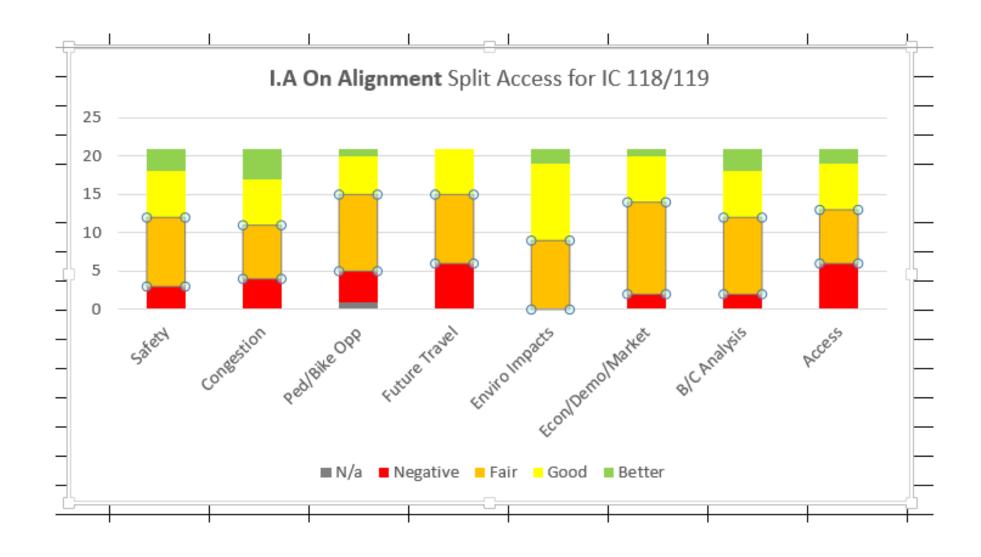
Your Safety. Your Mobility. Your Economic Opportunity.

On Alignment I.A

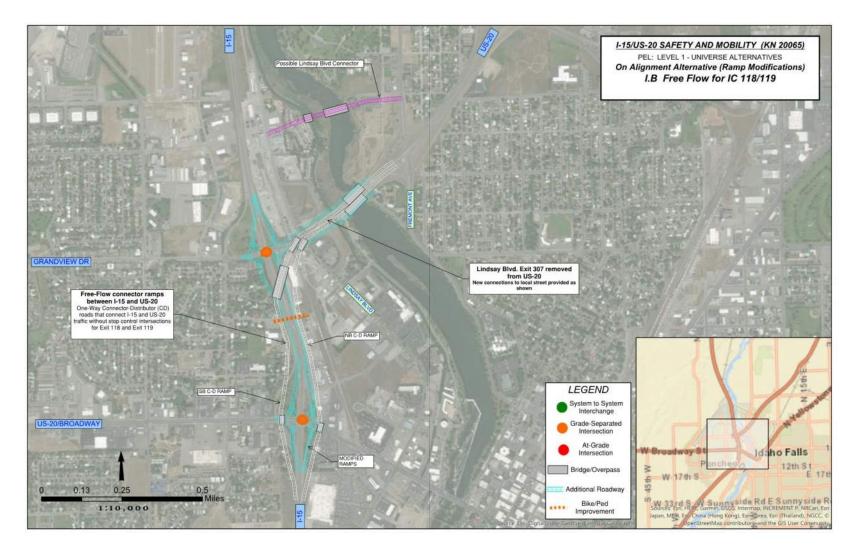


Your Safety. Your Mobility. Your Economic Opportunity.

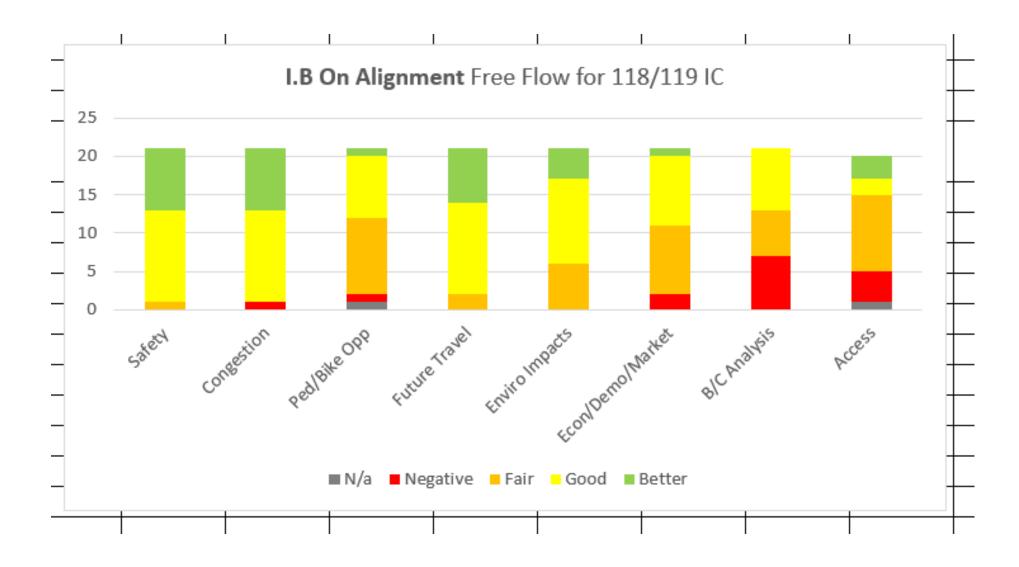
On Alignment I.A – Evaluation Matrix



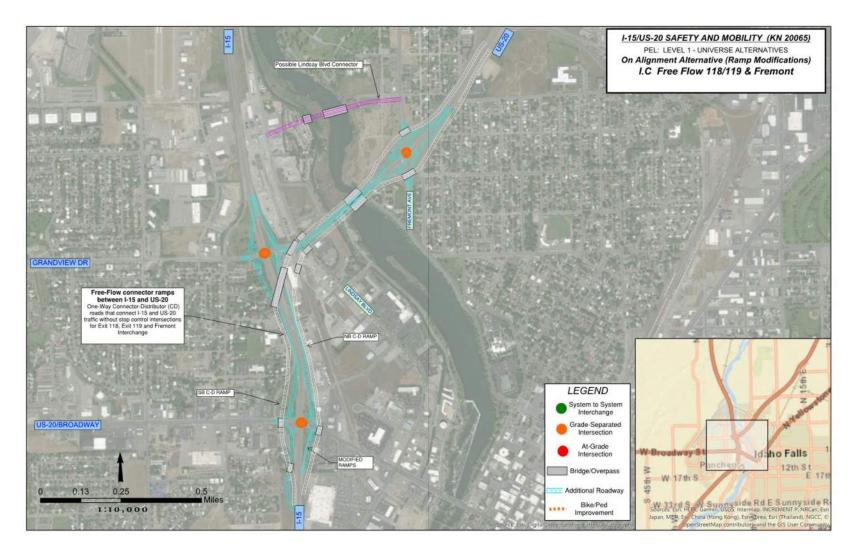
On Alignment I.B



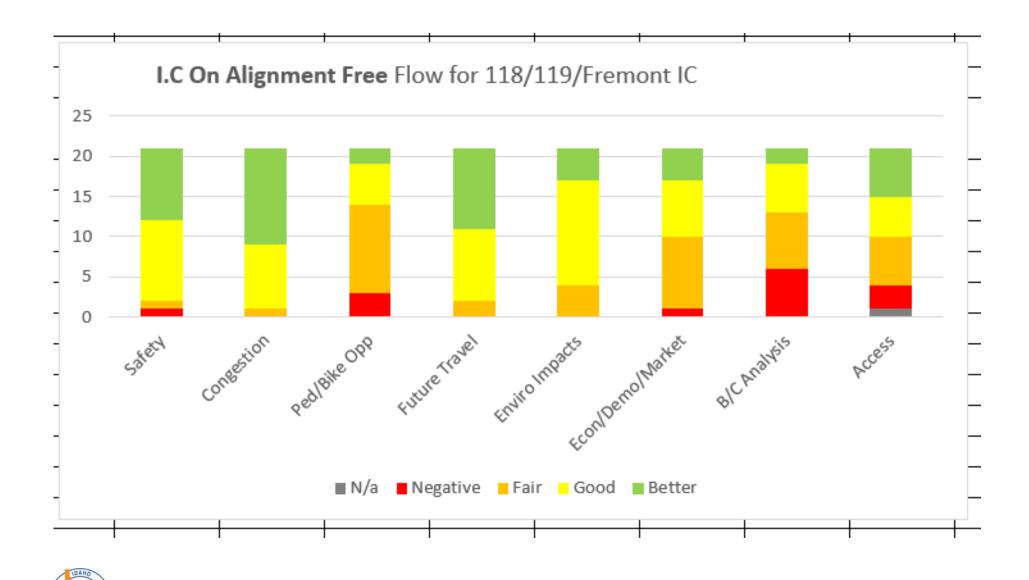
On Alignment I.B – Evaluation Matrix



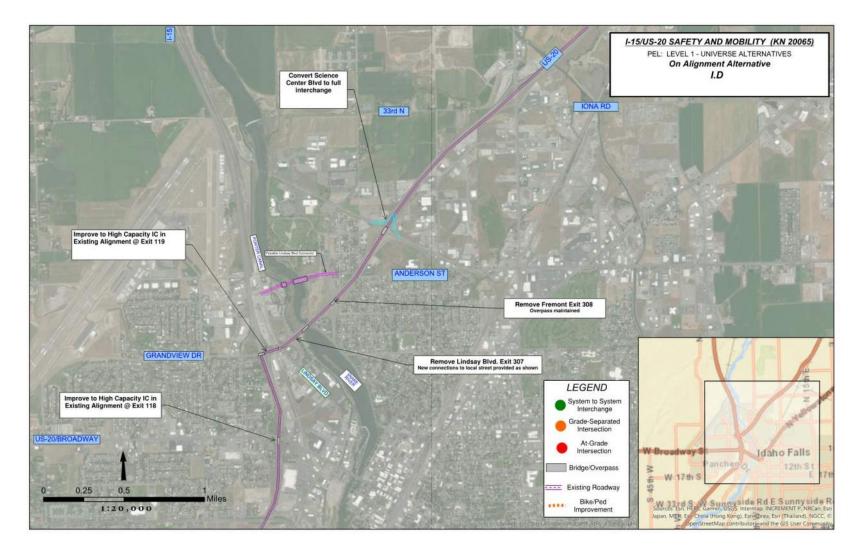
On Alignment I.C



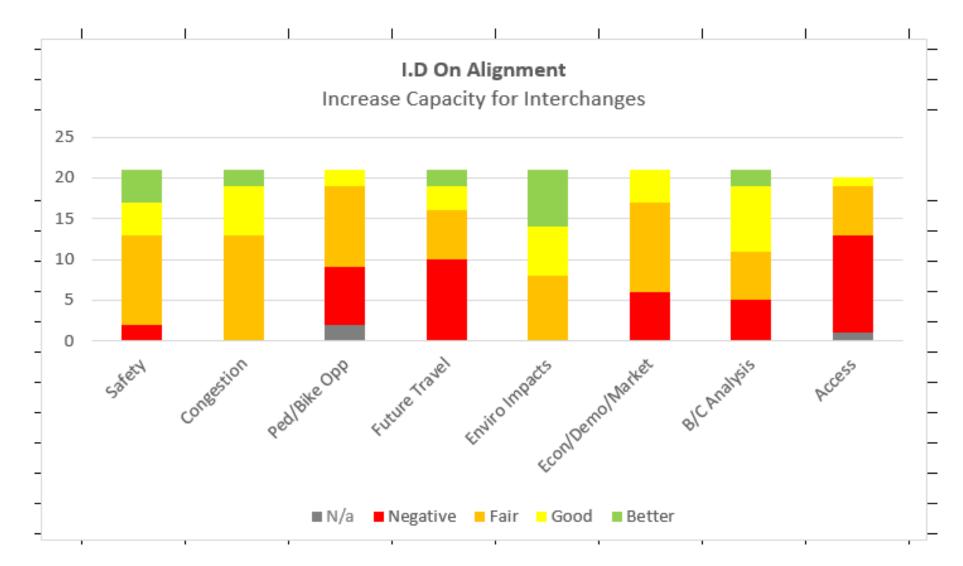
On Alignment I.C – Evaluation Matrix



On Alignment I.D

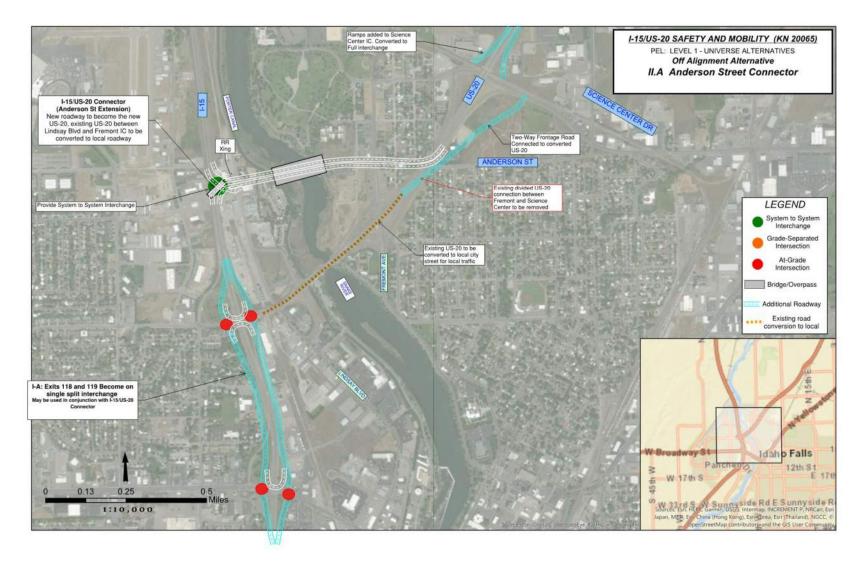


On Alignment I.D – Evaluation Matrix



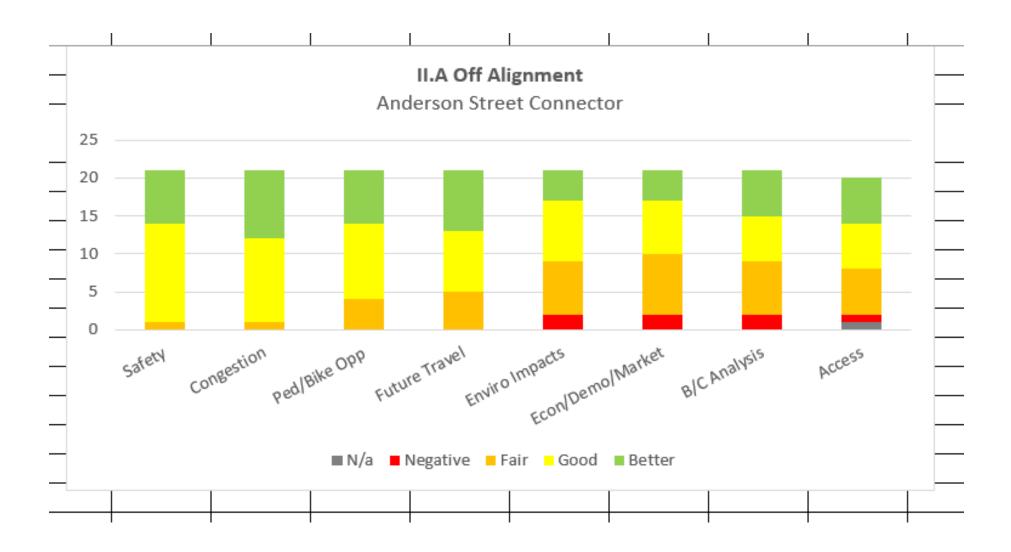


Off Alignment II.A

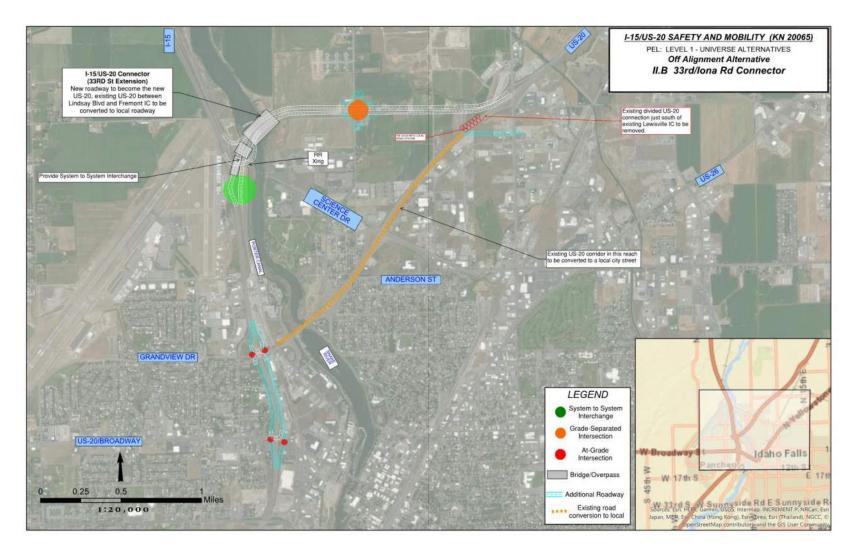




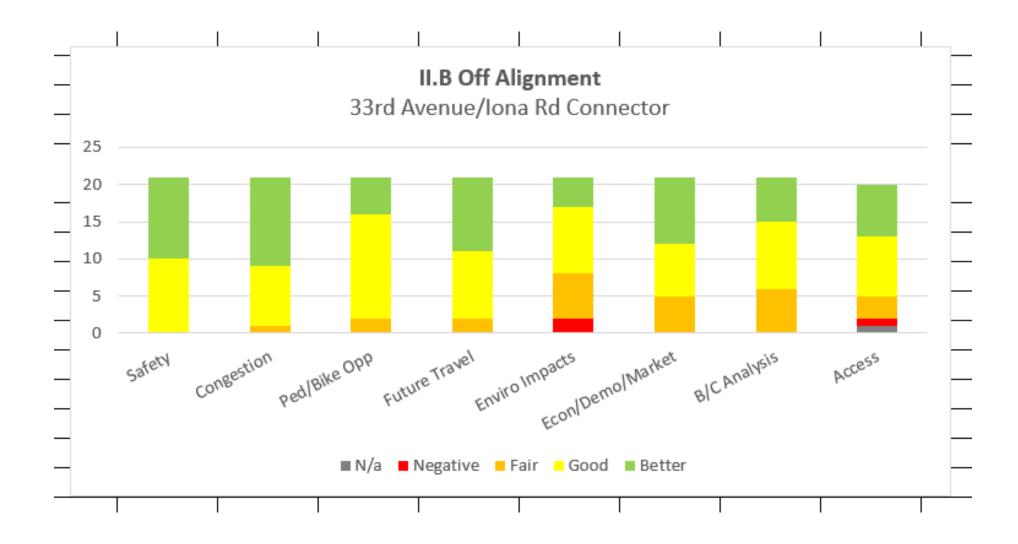
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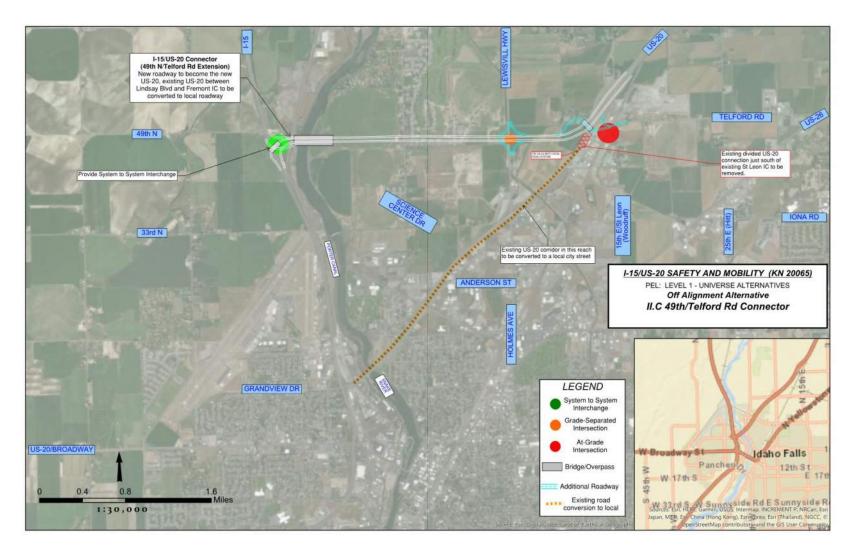
Off Alignment II.B



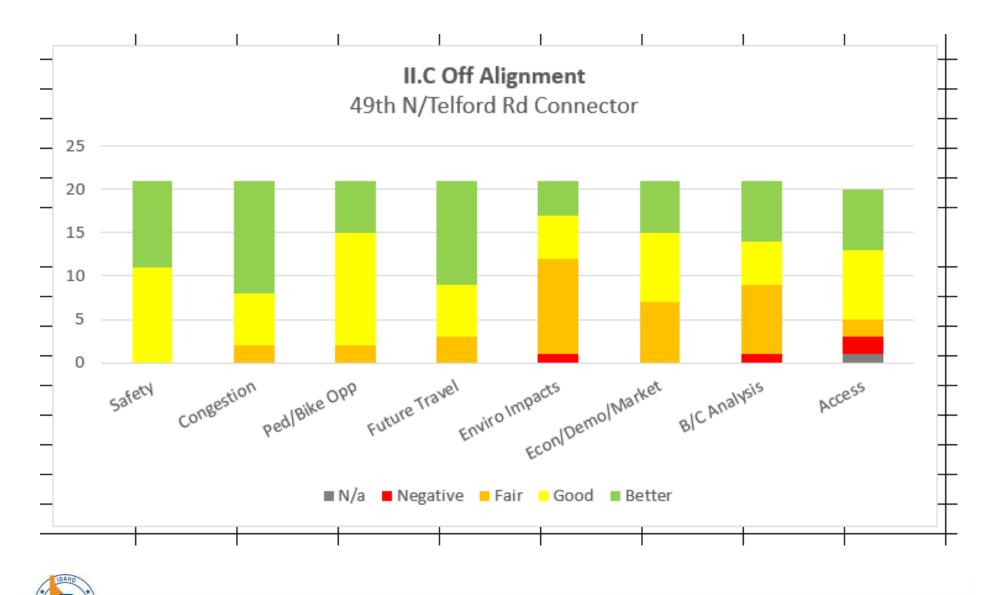
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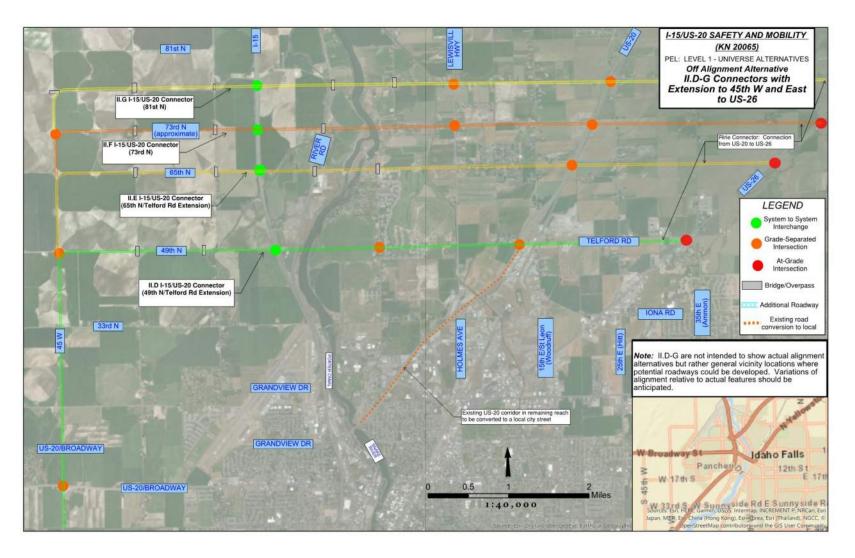
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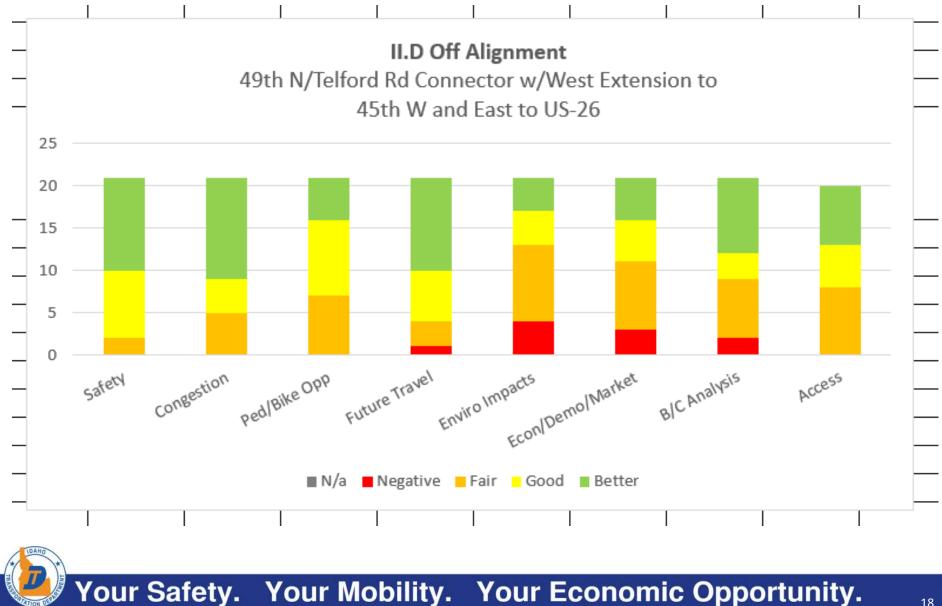
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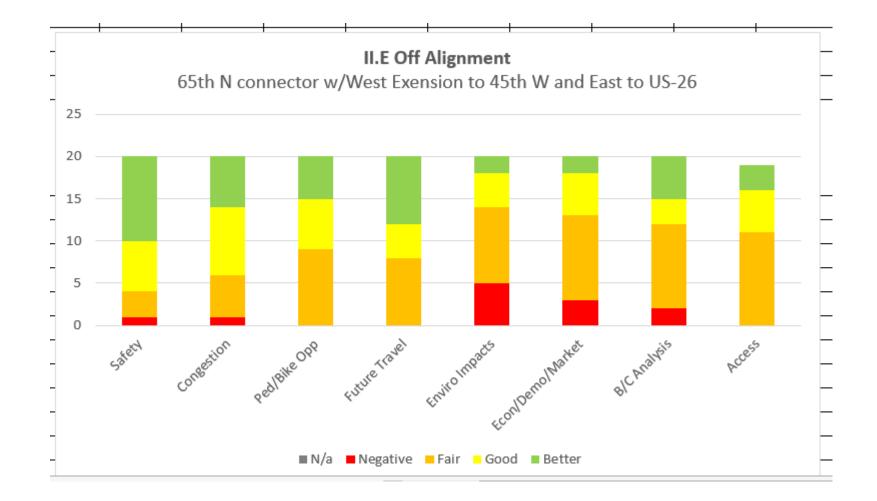
Off Alignment II.D-G



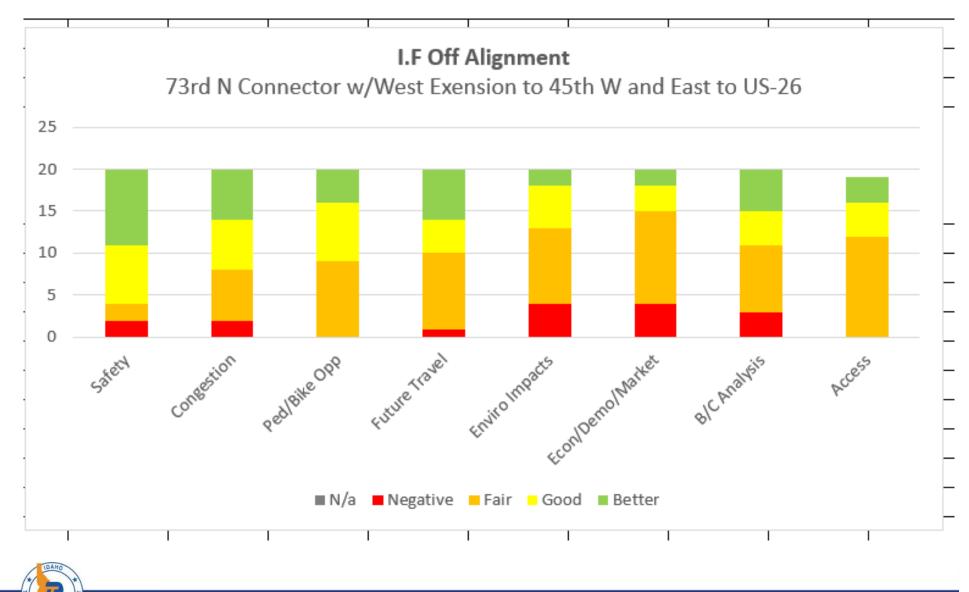
Off Alignment II.D – Evaluation Matrix



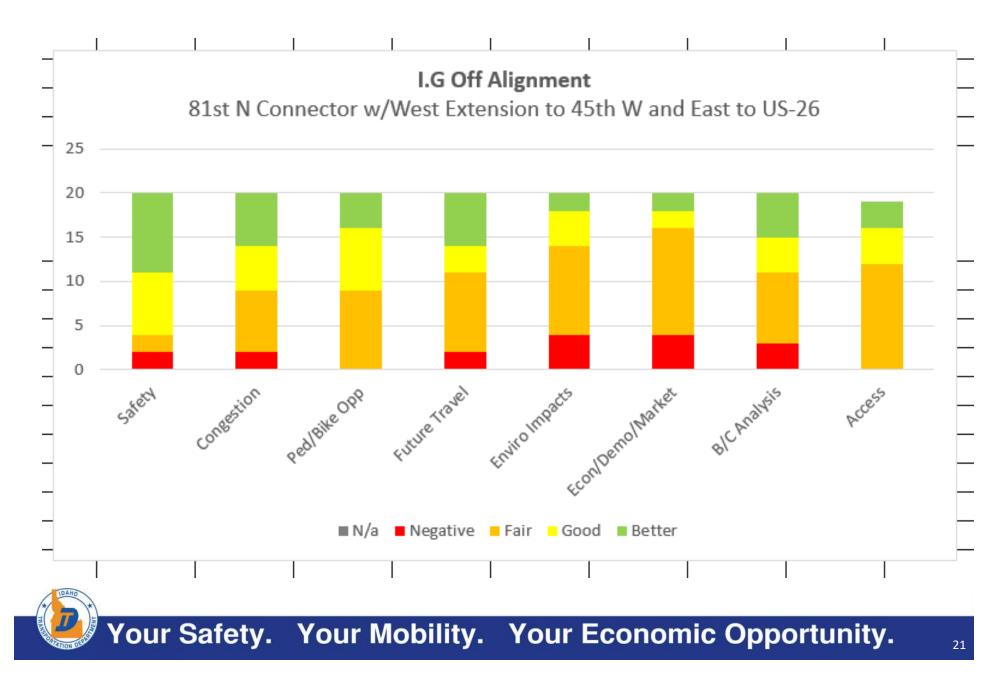
Off Alignment II.E – Evaluation Matrix



Off Alignment II.F – Evaluation Matrix



Off Alignment II.G – Evaluation Matrix



Discussion/Questions?







Level One Results Summary Matrix and Alternative Exhibits

I-15/US-20 SAFETY AND MOBILITY (KN 20065)

Level 1 Screening Results Compilation

No.	Level 2 Naming	Level 1 Alternative Name	Alternative Description	Outcome of Level 1 Screening	Rationale	Comments	Next Steps to Create Level 2 Alternatives
	A - No Action						
I.A		Split Access for Interchange 118/119 - Ramp Modifications	Exits 118 and 119 become one single split inter-change with grade-separated Texas turnaround and new adjacent connector-distributor roads to provide access to local roadway network via at-grade intersections. A possible Lindsay Blvd connector road could be included north or south of US-20.	Not Recommended	Does not address Purpose & Need due to inability to eliminate LOS and congestion issues	Concern - May not eliminate the backup on 1-15 for the US-20 EB traffic but rather relocate it further south. - Consider - A free (flow right turn onto Eastbound US-20 may be beneficial. - Consider - Add free night from Collector-Distributor road to Lindiay Blvd. Concertor (South). - Concern - Alterne des not in chick there for traffic between 1-3 and US-10-20. - Concern - Access to Lindiay Blvd. at US-20 with this configuration not desirable.	Options: 1. A free flow right turn onto Eastbound US-20 may be beneficial. 2. Add free right fram Callector-Distributor road to Lindsay Bird, Connector (South).
Alignment Alternatives 91	B - 118/119 Split Interchange with US-20 Direct Connect with Modified Fremont IC	Free Flaw for Interchange 118/119 - Ramp Modifications	Pre Plow for Interchange 118/119; One-way connector-distributor roads would be built adjacent to I-15 and US-20 that connect I-15 and US-20 traffic without stop-controlled intersections for Exit 118 and 119, - this alternative would necessitate 5 bridge crossings. Additional new roadway lanes would provide additional ramp access at I-15 & Broadway, I-15 & US-20. New bridges on US-20 river crossing would provide cross-river access for additional lanes. Exit 307 - Lindsay Blvd. would be removed to streamline traffic flow headed to/from US-20 I. Northern Lindsay Blvd. Connector road and bridge possible to include. Bike/Ped improvement to cross highway planned for midway btwn Grandview and Broadway.	Recommended to advance		Benefit- Environmental impacts resulting from this alternative are minimal compared to other alternatives. - Consider - Extend Lindsay over I-15 for better cross town connectivity	Options: Extend Lindsay over i-15 for better cross town connectivity
Б I.C	C - 118/119 Split Interchange with US-20 Direct Connect with New Fremont IC	Free Flow for Interchange 118/119 & Fremont- Ramp Modifications	Free Flow for Interchange 118/119 & Fremont: One-Way Connector Distributor (CD) roads that connect I-15 and U5- 20 traffic without stop control intersections for Exit 118, Exit 119 and Fremont interchange, the alternative would interceitable 1 bindiges. Close Lindsay Bird(JUS-20 connection. Possible northern Lindsay Bird, connector route.	Recommended to advance		Bendfin Environmental impacts resulting from this alternative are minimal compared to other consider - Likely one of the more expensive alternatives. Consider - Van visite where congestion concerns for enough north on the US-20 Corridor. - Consider - As shown with the Single Point Urban Interchange (SPU) configuration, Bikes and Peds may need to be accommodated via alternative routes. - Consider - May be effective to keep the Lindsay overpass over I-15 as an addition to this alternative.	Options: 1. May be effective to keep the Lindsay overpass over i-15 an addition to this oitemative.
I.D		I.D.	Add new ramps at Science Center Blvd, converting it to a full interchange. Convert Interchange 118 & 119 to high capacity interchange in the existing alignment. Remove Lindsay Blvd and Fremont exits. Possible northern Lindsay Blvd. connector route.	Not Recommended	Does not address Purpose & Need due to decrease in local connectivity and significant impact to facilities including RR	Consider – Benoval of the connectivity to US-20 via the Fremont interchange and the Lindsay Biol. Interchange will reduce congestion for the through traffic but will reduce the connectivity for the local traffic. - Consider – Improving Interchange IIB and Interchange IIB to a more efficient type interchange such as a Single Point Urban Interchange (SPU) or a Diverging Diamond Interchange (DD) will require significant impacts to facilities such as the raircain on while Mile y Instificant benefit.	
II.A	D- US-20 Re-alignment with system IV at I-15 south of Freeman Park, Improvements to 118/119	Anderson Street Connector - original	New roadway to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Lindsay Bivd and Fremont I: to be converted to local roadway. New system to system interchange anticipated south of where international Way would cross IsIs - this alternative necessitates 3 bridges. Design for Broadway and Grandwiew would be same as Alternative I.A (become one single split interchange with grade-separated Teas turnaround and new adjacent connect-oldstributor roads from south of Broadway to just north of Grandview to provide access to local roadway network via at-grade intersections.) Two-way frontage road to connect to converted US-20 (old route). Ramps to be added to Science Center Interchange. Improve bike/Ped facilities at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route) and I-15.	Recommended to advance		Consider - May be effective without the addition of the Split Access Interchange improvements (as thown in alternative LA Note the considerations of alternative LA - Consider - As it, the alternative may not provide sufficient access to the airport. - Consider - As all as plor pany onto LS-20. - Consider - Cansier - Canser Local Traffic access to US-20 estibuting to preserved. - Consider - Future connectivity to US-26 is not benefited by the geometry of this alternative.	Options: 1. Removal of existing 119 Interchange as an interchange kegs II for local road access and bile/Ped cossing. 2. Addition of a conection to the elivery via the new interchange. (see Alternative II.A. Modified)
II.A (modified)	E- US-20 Re-alignment, relocate exit 119, improvements at 118 and Grandview	Anderson Street Connector - modified	New roadway to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Lindsay Blvd and Fremont Interchange to be converted to local roadway. New grade-separated interchange anticipated south of where International Way would costs I-15 this attaches necessitates a brindge. Design for I-15 Broadway and Grundview would be similar to Alternative I.A. (become one single split interchange with grade-separated resus transvooral and new alguent context-distribution trans from south of beordway to north of new grade separated interchange with new US-20 to provide access to local roadway network via at-grade intersections.) Two-way frontage road to connect to converted US-20 (old route). Existing divided US-20 connection between Fremont and Science Center to be removed. Two-way frontage road connected to converted US-20. (old route). Existing divided US-20. Images at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route). Many Peed Science at the crossing of Local US-20 (old route).	Recommended to advance		Same as Alternative II.A but includes the recommeded additions.	Options: J. Removal of existing 119 Interchange as an interchange keep a for local road access and bike/Ped crossings. 2. Addition of a connection to the airport via the new interchange. (see Alternative II.A. Modified)
	F- US-20 One-way Couplet with improvements to 118/119 near 33rd	Arose during the community working group -2 couplet options	Option 1: 1-15/US-30 Connector (Anderson 51: Extension), New roadway to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between linkings fluid, and Fremont IC to be converted to local roadway. Option 2-15/US-20 Connector (31:47 Extension), New roadway to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Linking Bird, and Fremont IC to be converted to local roadway.	Recommended to advance			
II.B.		33rd/lona Rd. Connector	New roadway to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Lindsay Bivd and Fremont Interchange to be converted to local roadway. System interchange to be included towards north end of airport. This alternative necessitates 3 bridges. Existing divided US-20 connection just south of existing Lewisville interchange to be removed. Existing US-20 corridor to be converted to local roadway. Grade separated interchange planned at new intersection of new US-20 and River Road, including new ramps.	Not Recommended	& Need due to complexity	Concern - Crossing of the RR tracks, River. Three tier crossing. This crossing would be very complex, very costly and the committee fielt the location was not afficiently adventitious to out-weigh the concern. - Concern - The System interchange would be located very close to the favourapy trotection Zone. There would be potential concerns with confusion and conflict with planes landing and taking off.	

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			II.C. 49th/Telford Rd Connector	New roadway at approximately 49th North/Telford R4. to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Lindsay Bivd and Fremont interchange to be converted to local roadway. The alternative necessitates 3 birdges. System to system interchange planned for new US-20/L-IS connection north of airport. New grade-separated interchange anticipated at Lewisville Hwy and new US-20 alignment. Existing divided US-20 connection just south of St. Leon interchange to be removed. At grade intersection planned to connect new ramps/lanes from US-20 to local network @Telford & US-20 interchange.	Recommended to advance		Consider – Less complicated bridge than ILB, more separation to river, however may still be a challenging location. – Froximity to the dump may introduce challenges. – - Consider – Favainet be long-range plan for the airport master plan. Last update was 2009. – - Consider – Favainet be long-range plan for the airport master plan. Last update was 2009. – - Consider – Favainet be long-range plan for the airport master plan. Last update was 2009. – - Consider – Alternative Solids be consulted. – - Postibulty while the bridge northward. – - Consider – Alternative allows extension to US 26 where the majority of existing "connecting" trips between US-20 and US-26. – As a stand alone solution, alternative does potentially address the concerns as stated in the purpose and	Cytions: 1. Alternatives LC/LD — leave as it, plus these sub- submattives (S total) 2. Connect to US 26 3. Connect to US 26 4. A slight re-alignment of 1-15. This could open up some vereational space by the river, 5. Counder subset with indiary overpass. 6. Loop at 114/119 fix from other options above
		H - US-20 Realignment with a System interchange at I-15 at 49th 51: with extension to US- 26; Improvements to 118/119	49th/Telford Rd	New roadway it approximately 49th North/Telford 8.4. to become the new US-20, existing US-20 between Lindsay Bivd and Freemont interchange to be converted to local roadway. The alternative necessitates 3 birdges. System to system interchange planned for new US-20.1-35 connection north of aligorit. New grade-separated interchange anticipated at Lewisville Hwy and new US-20 alignment. Roadway will extend east to US-26. Existing divided US-20 connection just south of St. Leon Interchange to be removed. At grade intersection planned to connect new ramps/lanes from US-20 to local network @Telford & US-20 interchange.	Recommended to advance		need, therefore It is recommended as an alternative that should be further investigated.	
			II. D 49th N/Telford Rd. Extension	49th N/Telford Rd. Extension; Off-Alignment; Connectors with Extension to 45th W and East to US-26	Recommended to Advance	As a stand alone solution, Alternative II-D combined with Alternative II-d coes potentially address the concerns as stated in the uprose and need, therefore it is recommended as an alternative that should be further investigated.	Consider - Could decommission US-26 through town (Yellowstone Rd) as connection route between I-15 and US-26 and make that connection to 1-15. Yellowstone would then become a Idaho Falls (city street. - Consider - May induce the Alternative H.8 & D C Together with the north legs of Alternative I-D or Alternative I-E in the long-range plan. - Concern - Any alternative constructed north of 49th N, may not solve the pass through traffic concerns and stand alone to address the purpose and need. - Consider - Altopart threa iternatives may be beneficial for the long range plan these alternatives alone may not address the concerns today and in the future for the interchanges 118/119.	Cytions: J. Alternetives IC/ILD combination L. Could decommission US-36 through town (Yellowstone Rd) as connection to 1-15 shows to the stand US-36 and male that connection to 1-15. Standstone would then become a lidhol rails City intert. J. May include the Alternatives II-A,B or C together with the north Rgs of Alternative II-D or Alternative II-E in the long- raing plan.
n Alternatives	II.E		65th N/Telford Rd Extension	65 ST. N Connector with Extension to 45th W and East to US-26. This would necessitates approximately 6 small bridges. Existing US-26 corridor and existing US-20 corridor in remaining reach to be converted to a local city street. System to system interchange at new US-20 and 1-15. Grade-separated interchanges at intersections with converted US-20. At grade intersection with converted US-26.	Not Recommended		Consider - Could decommission UE-32 through how (Pollowstone Rig) as connection route between 1-15 and US-32 and make that connection to 15: 2 followstone would here become a labol rail (c) system: - Consider - May include the Alternatives II-8.8 or C together with the north legs of Alternative II-0 or Alternative II-8 to here; range alan. - Consten - Any alternative constructed north of 4811 N, may not solve the pass through traffic concerns and stand alone to address the purpose and need. - Consider - Although these alternatives may be beneficial for the long range plan these alternatives alone may not address the concerns today and in the future for the Interchanges 118/119.	Option: L-could decommission US-26 through town (Yellowstone Ref) as connection route between I-55 and US-26 and make that connection to I-15. Yellowstone would then become a labor ralls city-street. 2. May include the Alternatives II-A,B or C together with the match legs of Alternative II-D or Alternative II-E in the long- range plan.
Extension	II.F		73rd Street N	73 Rd. St. Connectors with Extension to 45th W and East to US-26. This would necessitates approximately 5 bridges. Existing US-26 corridor and existing US-20 corridor in remaining reach to be converted to a local city street. System to system interchange at new US-20 and +15. Grade-separated interchanges at intersections with converted US-20 and Lewisville Hwy. At grade intersection with converted US-26.			Consider - Could decommission UE-26 through how (Pollowchone Rig) as connection route between 1-15 and makes that connection to 15-26 and makes 15-36 molecular based of the tenceme at lot of 15-26 molecular based of the tenceme at lot of 15-26 molecular based on the tenceme at lot of 15-26 molecular based on the tenceme at lot of the tenceme at lot of tencemes and stand alone to the long-range plan. - Consider - Any internatives constructed north of 490 N. may not solve the pass through traffic concerns and stand alone to address the purpose and need. - Consider - Although these alternatives may be beneficial for the long range plan these alternatives alone may not address the concerns today and in the future for the interchanges 118/119.	Cataloni. L. Could decommission US-36 through town (Yellowstone Rd) en connection route between I-35 and US-36 and make that connection to 1-15. Stelowstone would then become a tidhon rails (by street. 2. May include the Alternatives II-4,8 or C together with the north fags of Alternative II-0 or Alternative II-2 in the long- enage plan.
	II.G		81st Street N	81st N Connector with Extension to 45th W and East to U5-28. This would necessitates approximately 7 bridges. Existing US-26 corridor and existing US-20 corridor in remaining reach to be converted to a local city street. System to system interchange at new US-20 and I-15. Grade-separated interchanges at intersections with converted US-20 and Lewisville Hwy. At grade intersection with converted US-26.	Should be further evaluated for the long- range plan but does not address the purpose and need by as a stand alone alternative and should be evaluated only with other potential solutions		Consider - Could decommission US-26 through toom / reflowstone Rd is acconnection route between 1-15 and US-26 and make that connection to 15: S relevations on wold then become al adorb rails city street. - Consider - May include the Alternatives II-AB or C together with the north legs of Alternative II-D or Alternative II-E in the long-range plan. - Concern - Any alternatives constructed north of 49th N, may not solve the pass through traffic concerns and stand adore to address the purpose and need. - Consider - Although these alternatives may be beneficial for the long range plan these alternatives alone may not address the concerns today and in the future for the interchanges 118/119.	Cytions - Cannot be used as a standadore solution - must be combined with other advenzatives. 1. Could decommission US-28 Unrough town (Yellowstone Rd) is connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and make bat as a connection route between 1-55 and 152 and 152 and the standard bat and the standard bat and the standard as a connection route bat and the standard bat and

